The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,821—New Series. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1883.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains	1883. Tuesday
— GWALIOR	2733	500	M. de Horne	7th Aug.
L. SIAM	3041	500	E. Ashdown	14th „
— VENETIA	2726	500	A. B. Daniell	21st „
L. PEKIN	3900	600	A. Symons	28th „
— SURAT	3142	530	C. R. Edwards	4th Sept.
L. CATHAY	2983	5 0	W. M. Robbie	11th „

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, and TRIESTE, by every Mail, and to MARSEILLES by every alternate Mail.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others, passengers change vessels at Suez.

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On 1883.
TEHERAN	2588	400		10th Aug.
DECCAN	3429	560	A. W. Adamson	24th „
SUTLEJ	4194	750	A. H. Johnson	7th Sept.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, July 14, 1883.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES (UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA on the 24th and BOMBAY on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class .. ₤ 500	Including wines.	I Class .. ₤ 520	Including wines.
II do. 340		II do. 350	
III do. 150	With food.	III do. 155	With food.

Children under 3 years, free; under 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other first-class Steamers w[ill leave] Bombay :—

MANILLA on Wednesday .... 1st Aug. 1883.
CHINA on Saturday .... 1st Sept. 1883.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo-bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 47 days.

From Genoa, I Class	Calais Route, ₤ 95	Brighton Route ₤	0
„ ..II do.	do.	.. 70	do.	8
From Naples, I do.	do.	.. 115	do.	0
„ ..II do.	do.	.. 105	do.	3

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, May 19, 1883.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.
REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

THE new first-class steamer CHOLON, 2,700 tons register, 450 horse-power, will leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 20th August. She carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under three years of age free of charge.
„ over three and under eight ½ charge.
„ „ eight and under twelve ¾ charge.

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows :—

Via Calais and Dover (Mail).......... 1st class ₤ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe .... 1st class „ 5 15 1

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage ticket. For further particulars, apply to

RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 21st June, 1883.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE *VIA* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
ORION	F. Mahorcich..	3,500	500	28th Aug.
VORWAERTS	F. Egger	2,394	450	28th Sept.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 450	Rs. 280	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX months at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	HP.	To sail.
VORWAERTS	F. Egger	2,394	450	27th July

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street, Bombay, July 3, 1883.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following sailing has been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT, CALLING AT MALTA.

	Capts.	Tons.	H.P.	
s. s. MERTON HALL	Verrill.	4,100	500	on 1st Aug.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.

3, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, June 6, 1883.

THOMAS COOK AND SON, BOMBAY,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge [for] Commission, and issue tickets from all principal Railway Stations in India to Europe and all Parts [of th]e World.

[Ful]l particulars, and Pamphlet of routes with specially [prepar]ed maps (post free 8 annas), may be obtained of [THO]MAS COOK & SON, Hornby-row, Bombay.

[G]RINDLAY, GROOM, and Co., Bombay, GRINDLAY and Co., Calcutta,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

[U]NDER MUTUAL SEPARATION from my wife, ESTHER FRANCIS HUNTER, on the [...]inst., I will NOT BE ANSWERABLE for DEBTS [contr]acted by her from above date.

W. HUNTER, R. M. R.,
Ajmere.

27th July, 1883.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

RESUMPTION OF THROUGH TRAIN SERVICE.

PASSENGERS, HORSES, CARRIAGES and GOODS TRAFFIC is being conveyed between ALL STATIONS as usual.

J. R. DUXBURY,
Traffic Manager.

Bombay, July 31, 1883.

ORIENTAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Limited.

To be Registered under Act VI. of 1882, whereby the Liability of Members is strictly Limited to the Amount of their Shares.

CAPITAL Rs. 20,00,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES OF Rs. 200 EACH.
AMOUNT TO BE CALLED UP Rs. 50 PER SHARE.
A Number of Shares have already been Privately Applied for.

THE Object of this Company is the Transaction of Fire Insurance business, under the influential Directorate of the Oriental Life Office. The Directors believe that, owing to the exceptionally good connections which have already been secured, a large Income will soon be obtained, and that the Investment will prove to be both Safe and Profitable.

Applications for Prospectuses and Shares will be received by the Manager, D. M'LAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., at the Head Office of the Company, 9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, where the Memorandum and Articles of Association may be seen.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,880 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 8th August, 1883, at 4 p. m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimilipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ABYSSINIA," 1,129 tons, on MONDAY, 6th August, 1883, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 3rd August, 1883, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on SATURDAY, 11th August, 1883.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 1st August, 1883. Agents.

NEW "THE IMPERMEABLE" PATENT.

WE guarantee this WATCH to be thoroughly water, and therefore also dust-proof. May be kept going under water for a number of days without its taking the slightest injury. No watch sold unless tried under water for at least 2 days. A few of these Watches may be seen going completely under water at our establishment. The Watch is KEYLESS and in white metal case. Price Rs. 35 cash.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co., Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S CRICKET BALLS

are manufactured by a practical Kent Cricket Ball Maker, who enjoys the distinguished patronage of the leading Professional Players in England, and being bought first-hand are offered at a reduction from the usual rates. The FOUR-SEAMED Registered Match Balls are the best ever yet introduced.

	Cash.
Double-seamed Balls	Rs. 3 8
Treble-seamed Balls	„ 4 0
Four-seamed Balls, "Registered"	„ 4 8

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld).,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.
VIENNA BEER.

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE BREWERY, IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

	Cash.
Per doz. quarts	Rs. 6-4
Per doz. pints	„ 4-2

SOLE AGENTS :
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S SPORTING AMMUNITION

BULLETS.	GUNPOWDER.
CAPS.	SHOT, ordinary and chilled
CARTRIDGES.	WADS.
CARTRIDGE CASES.	HUNTING KNIVES.
CARTRIDGE LOADERS.	MEASURES, &c.

Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency for PIGOU, WILKS and LAURENCE'S

CELEBRATED "ALLIANCE" PRIZE GUNPOWDER.

Detailed Price Lists free on Application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MAGIC LANTERNS AND DISSOLVING VIEW APPARATUS.

	Cash Prices. Rs. a.
MAGIC LANTERN, with 3 in. lens, brass front and solar argand lamp, in neat black box	20 0
MAGIC LANTERN, with 3½ in. lens, brass front and solar argand lamp, in neat black box	27 0
PHANTASMAGORIA LANTERN, with pair 3 in. condensing lenses, brass front, with 2 lenses, and best fountain lamp	32 0
PHANTASMAGORIA LANTERN, with pair 3½ in. condensing lenses, polished mahogany body, lined with tin, brass front, with special double combination achromatic front lenses, rack and pinion adjustment, and fountain solar lamp	63 0
PHANTASMAGORIA LANTERN, with pair 4 in. condensing lenses, oxycalcium spirit lamp, retort, purifier, wedge gas bag, pressure board, tubing and one dozen limes	112 8
DISSOLVING VIEW LANTERN, a pair with 3 in. condensers, in box with dissolver and two dozen assorted slides	58 0
DISSOLVING VIEW LANTERN, a pair with 3½ in compound condensers in box with rack dissolver	112 8
DISSOLVING VIEW LANTERN, a pair with 4 in. compound condensers, rack dissolver, oxycalcium spirit lamps, retort, purifier, wedge gas bag, pressure board, tubing and one dozen limes	180 0
APHENGESCOPES for exhibiting opaque objects cartes-de-visite, &c., in conjunction with a Magic Lantern	27 0
MAGIC LANTERN SLIDES, in mahogany frames—	
13 inch "Comic" per dozen	16
13 inch "Natural History" „	22 8
13 inch "Nursery Tales" „	16 0
14 inch "Comic" „	22 8
14 inch "Natural History" „	27 0
14 inch "Nursery Tales" „	27 0
CHANGING COMIC SLIPS „	12 8
LEVER ACTION SLIDES each	2 4
DOUBLE MOTION COMIC AND BEST LEVER MOTION SLIDES „	4 0
PANORAMAS, 14 inch, with moving objects „	7 8
CHROMATROPES, 3 inch diameter „	7 8
NATURAL HISTORY PHOTOS, coloured „	2 4
ROYAL FAMILY PORTRAITS	3 8

DIORAMIC VIEWS, MOTTOES, GUIDE BOOKS.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA & POONA.

TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY.
IMPORTANT CAUTION !

WHEREAS for a period extending over many years there has been uninterruptedly sold in the Indian Market a certain blend of Scotch Whisky known to the trade and the public as TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY, each bottle of which bears near the front shoulder a characteristic heart-shaped label with a caution label on the reverse and a Phœnix trade-mark on both labels, as well as on the cork and the mettalic capsule covering the cork, and which Whisky from its high state of purity, rich soft mellowness, and intrinsic worth has met with such general appreciation, and so fully established itself in public favour as to be now familarly known as "Glenlivet," "Treacher's Glenlivet," "Glenlivet Whisky," "Treacher's Whisky," "Treacher's Glenlivet Whisky," and "Heart-Labelled Whisky," the Public are hereby warned and cautioned against accepting as TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY any brand failing to correspond with the aforenoted particulars.

TREACHR & Co., LIMITED.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
TREACHER'S GLENLIVET WHISKY.

NEW CROP.
KANGRA VALLEY TEAS.
(CHAPORE ESTATE.)

THESE TEAS may be compared favourably with any other of their kind, in point of excellence in quality, flavour and genuineness.

Sold in original packets of 1 lb.

Orange Pekoe	Re. 1 8
Universal Mixture	„ 1 2

B. S. MADON & Co.,
HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that the Undersigned did, on the 1st instant, PAY to Her Majesty's Treasury in Bombay, the sum of Rs. 14,600, being the 169th monthly instalment of the VEHAR WATER WORKS DEBT.

T. S. WEIR,
Acting Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 1st Aug., 1883.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. CLAN ALPINE, ARRIVED from Glasgow, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the CARNAC-BUNDER, as the steamer is discharging in the stream.

FINLAY MUIR & CO.,
Bombay, 31st July, 1883. Agents.

"BERTHA," FROM LONDON.

CONSIGNEES of POWDER and COMBUSTIBLES are requested to TAKE NOTE that such packages landed from the above steamer at their risk and expense WILL BE SOLD to defray landing and other charges unless they come forward WITHIN A WEEK hereof to TAKE DELIVERY, paying all expenses incurred.

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Agents for Captain and Owners.
Bombay, 1st August, 1883.

PARIAN CEMENT.

WE HAVE RECEIVED a fresh shipment of this celebrated cement. It is non-absorbent and non-efflorescent. It has been before the public nearly 30 years, and has a large sale and is fully appreciated by practical plasterers.

It is for internal use only, and can be painted, decorated or papered twelve hours after using. Being non-absorbent it tends to PREVENT the SPREAD of CONTAGIOUS DISEASES. Price Rs. 14-8 per cask of 280 lbs.

WARDEN & Co.
32, Meadow-street, Fort.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Chamber have appointed SATURDAY and MONDAY, the 11th and 13th instant, for the purpose of BALLOTING at the offices of the Chamber for an ELECTIVE TRUSTEE of the PORT OF BOMBAY to act during the absence of Mr. F. Forbes Adam, who has obtained four months' leave dating from 31st ultimo.

The ballot-box will be open at the office of the Chamber from 10 a.m. till 6 p.m., on each of the above days.

By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON,
Secretary.
Bombay Chamber of Commerce, 1st August, 1883.

BYCULLA CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

WINES, SPIRITS, ALE AND STOUT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
DRAUGHT BEER AND PORTER,
Fresh from the original casks,
NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, COLD DRINKS, ICES, PASTRY, HAM, SANDWICHES,
PROVISIONS, OILMAN'S STORES, PERFUMERY AND TOILET REQUISITES.
PRICES VERY MODERATE.

GRAPHIC AND ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS HOLIDAY NUMBERS,
With Coloured Picture for framing.
Price Re. 1, by post Re. 1-4 each.

COOPER & COMPANY,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE is hereby given that THUCKER RUTONSEE KHIMJEE has CONTRACTED TO PURCHASE from GUNPUT RAMJEE CHOWGOOLEY, an heir and appointed receiver by the Bombay High Court of Judicature, and other heirs (Parwutteebai, woman, Rugheonath Ramjee, Luxmun Narayen, and R mchund Narayen) of the estate and effects of RAMJEE GUNOJEE, deceased, a piece or parcel of Government LA D with a dwelling-house standing, built thereon, situate out of the Fort in New Hanuman Lane, registered by the Collector of Bombay under No. 257 and New Survey No. 1672, and assessed by the Municipality under No. 91 under the name of Ramjee Gunojee Chowgooley, deceased, in the subdistrict of Mandvee, and bounded on the east by a Gullee, on the west by a wall of the said building, on the north by the property No. 92 of the Ramjee Gunojee, deceased, and on the south by New Hanuman-street. ALL PERSONS having CLAIM against the aforesaid property by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift, sale use, trust, possession or any otherwise whatsoever are hereby required to MAKE THE SAME KNOWN in writing to the undersigned at his cloth-shop in Munguldass Cloth Market WITHIN 14 DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.—Dated the 31st day of July, 1883.

રતનશી ખીમજી,
(s.d.) RUTONSEE KHIMJEE.

THE CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE COMMITTEE appointed by H. E. the Governor in Council for the purpose of ensuring an adequate representation of the products of the Bombay Presidency, at the INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION to be held in Calcutta, in December next, will be glad to receive CONTRIBUTIONS of ART-WARE, JEWELLERY, ETHNOLOGICAL SPECIMENS, FABRICS, and other articles of adornment or luxury, in order that they may forward the same to Calcutta.

Persons who are desirous of sending articles intended in the first place for exhibition, and afterwards for sale, are requested to communicate, as early as possible, with the undersigned.

The Committee will do everything in their power to show to advantage all articles entrusted to them, and the greatest possible care will be taken of the same as long as they are under the Committee's charge. At the same time exhibitors are requested to note that neither the President, the Committee, nor the Honorary Secretary, will be responsible for any damage arising during transmission, exhibition, detention at Calcutta, or return of goods to Bombay.

Particulars as to description of articles wanted, &c., will be found in the advertisement in the newspapers of the 1st August 1883, or may be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary.

By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON,
Honorary Secretary.
Bombay, 1st August, 1883.

"THE KING OF ALL."

KIMBALL'S AMERICAN TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

CIGARETTES.

"FRAGRANT VANITY FAIR" ..Re. 1-6 and 1-8 per 100
"NEW VANITY FAIR" ..Re. 1-8 and 1-10 „ 100
"THE THREE KINGS" ..Re. 1-14 and 2-0 „ 100

TOBACCOS.

"VANITY FAIR"
In Tin of ¼ lb. As. 12; ½ lb. Re. 1-6; and 1 lb. Rs. 2-10
"FRAGRANT VANITY FAIR"
In Tin ¼ lb. 12 As.; ½ lb. Re. 1-6; and 1 lb. Rs. 2-10
"OLD GOLD"
In Tin ¼ lb. 10 As.; ½ lb. Re. 1-2; and 1 lb. Rs. 2-0
"JACK AND JILL"
In Tin ¼ lb. 10 As.; and ½ lb. Re. 1-0

The above may be compared favourably with any other Brand in respect of Price and Quality.

B. S. MADON & Co.,
HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THOMSON & TAYLOR
HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND

LACTOPEPTINE,
For Indigestion and Dyspepsia.
Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

HOP BITTERS.
Cash Rs. 2-12 per bottle.

MELLIN'S FOOD.

Small Bottles	Re. 0 14
Large Bottles	Re. 1 8

TARASP WATER.
As. 14 per bottle. Rs. 9 per doz.

HUNYADI JANOS WATER.
As. 14 and Re. 1-4 per bottle.

TIDMAN'S SEA SALT.
Per box of 7lbs. As. 14.

AIR PILLOWS & CUSHIONS
from Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 10.

SILK ELASTIC STOCKINGS
and all other articles in this material.

GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPER,
Packets containing 500 Sheets each, Re. 1-4.

CHEAVIN'S RAPID FILTERS,

No.	000	00	0	1	2
Rs.	7-8	9-8	12-8	17-8	24-8
Capacity	½ gall.	1½ galls.	2½ galls.	3½ galls.	5 galls.

SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.
Warranted free from any metallic or other substance likely to prove injurious to health.
Per Tin As. 10 and Re. 1.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS
of all descriptions, Pure and Reliable.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD,
OPPOSITE THE UNIVERSITY TOWER
BOMBAY.

MOFUSSIL RESIDENTS,

IN QUEST OF ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION, SHOULD APPLY FOR COPIES OF

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF

GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY,
HALL-MARKED SILVER GOODS, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
BRITISH OAK WARE,
ALBUMS, WRITING DESKS,
DRESSING BAGS, LEATHER GOODS, NIC-NACS,
AND
GENERAL FANCY STOCK.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SUPERIOR FELT HATS, ALL THE NEW SHAPES,

EXTRA LIGHT ! EXTRA LIGHT ! !

Black, Drab or Brown, Extra Light, and good Colour	Rs. 7-0, 9-8, 10-8
Special Shapes, suitable for Tall Men	„ 10-8 to 12-8
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Helmets, a large variety of new Shapes	„ 10-0 to 18-0
Fancy Pugrees, a very large Choice	„ 2-8 to 15-0

CASH DISCOUNT—2 Annas in the Rupee *(equal to 12½ per cent.)*

HOAR & CO., { HATTERS, } BOMBAY,
OPPOSITE THE ESPLANADE HOTEL.

THE CARNAC IRON WORKS COMPANY,

ENGINEERS, FOUNDERS, BOILERMAKERS, &c.,

TELEPHONE Nos. Head Office ......30, Works 74
WORKS—CARNAC BUNDER, BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE—FORBES STREET, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE Nos Prince's Dock.....9

HAVING taken over these old established Works, till now carried on by Messrs. FRASER & MILLER, we are prepared to submit Designs and Estimates for Roofing of all kinds—Girders, Bridges, Markets, and other open buildings. All work carried out under experienced European supervision.

WROUGHT IRON FORGINGS of all sizes.
IRON CASTINGS up to 15 tons, under experienced European supervision.
BRASS and PHOSPHOR BRONZE CASTINGS made to pattern or plan.
ROLLED IRON BEAMS of any section. Those sizes not in stock imported in seven weeks.
PORTABLE ENGINES, by Robey and Co., or Ruston, Proctor and Co. One of each size always in stock.
VERTICAL ENGINES & BOILERS, by Robey and Co., in stock up to 10 H. P.
"ROBEY" PATENT FIXED ENGINE and BOILER, as used for Electric Lighting, Ginning Factories, &c., 16 H. P. in stock.
CONTRACTORS' HAND AND STEAM PUMPS.
IRON BRIDGES, ROOFING, GIRDERS, and all kinds of manufactured iron work made and erected in any part of India.
BAR PLATE, GALVANIZED CORRUGATED and PLAIN SHEET IRON, COPPER and MUNTZ METAL SHEETS and BAR SPELTER, BLOCK TIN, PHOSPHOR BRONZE INGOTS, (all numbers) always ready.
ENGINEERS' MACHINE TOOLS, such as Lathes, Drills, Planing and Shaping, Chatwin's Taps and Dies in sets or loose ; Spanners, shifting and solid ; Hand Tools of all kinds in sets or separately.
GAS and WATER PIPES both Wrought and Cast Iron, of any size supplied to order.
HORIZONTAL ENGINES, by Robey and Co., and Ruston, Proctor and Co., 12 to 20 H. P. in stock.
MORTAR MILLS and CONTRACTORS' TOOLS.
STEAM LAUNCHES.—Designs and Estimates submitted for any size and to suit any requirements, built of either Teak, Iron, or Steel, Screw or Paddle, Speeds up to 16 knots according to size.
ELECTRIC BELLS and APPLIANCES supplied and erected.
Our ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE (one of the most complete that has yet been issued in India) will be ready next month, when it will be sent to CONSTITUENTS on application.

FINLAY, MUIR & CO.,
Agents.

"THE IMPERMEABLE."
PATENTED AND REGISTERED.

WATERPROOF, AIR-TIGHT, DUSTPROOF.

A USEFUL novelty are the IMPEREMABLE metal KEYLESS Watches just imported by us. They will no doubt prove a great boon in a country like India where nothing can be kept safe from dust ; and especially useful to Ship officers, Pilots, Divers and to all persons whose daily occupations expose them to dust, damp, &c. They are guaranteed

WATERPROOF, and are therefore also DUSTPROOF.

To illustrate the correctness of our assertion a few of these Watches are kept going under water at our establishment, where they may be inspected at any time. No Watch will be sold unless it has been tested under water for at least 2 days.

The works of these Watches are of excellent quality, Patent Lever Escapement, and can be thoroughly recommended as correct time-keepers. Guarantee 2 years. Price Rs. 35. No discount.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH MANUFACTURERS & JEWELLERS,
LOCLE, BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

(TO BE REGISTERED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT OF 1882.)

CAPITAL, Rs. 12,00,000,

Divided into 6,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each, with power to increase.
Issue of 5,250 A 8 per cent. Guaranteed Shares and 750 B Shares.

R[s.] 25 payable on application; Rs. 75 on allotment ; the balance—Rs. 50 within 3 months, and the remainder with[in] 6 months after registration.

[In t]he event of no allotment being made, the moneys paid on application will be returned in full.

[Th]e *Eastern Electric Light and Power Company, Limited, London, guarantees for the period of three years from the date of registration of the Company, a Dividend of Eight per cent. per annum upon the first issue [of] 5,250 Shares.*

[The] Dividend guaranteed is to be secured by a Deposit with the Bankers of the Company, in the names of the Ho[nora]ry Trustees, of the whole of the concession money paid to the Eastern Electric Light and Power Company Li[mite]d, together with the 750 B Shares.

DIRECTORS:

[The] Hon. SOLOMON DAVID SASSOON (Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., and Member of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay,)—Chairman.
[JA]SSERWANJEE MANOCKJEE PETIT, Esq.
[MA]GNUS MOWAT, Esq. (Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart & Co.)
[MU]NDRAVUNDASS PURSHOTUMDASS, Esq.
[FRA]NCIS DEW PARKER, Esq. (Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.)
[F]RAZBHOY PEERBHOY, Esq.
[Maj]or CHARLES HENRY STRUTT, R. A. (Managing Director, Eastern Electric Light and Power Company).

HONORARY TRUSTEES OF THE GUARANTEE FUND :
[FRA]NCIS DEW PARKER, Esq., and W. B. GURNEY LITTLEWOOD, Esq.

BANKERS:
THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

SOLICITORS:
MESSRS. PRESCOT & WINTER.

AGENT:
JOHN MARSHALL, Esq.

CONSULTING ELECTRICIAN :
G. A. GRINDLE, Esq., M. S. T. E.

TEMPORARY OFFICES :
19, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

[T]he SHARE LIST WILL BE CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 11th day of August instant.

ENGAGEMENT AND WEDDING RINGS.

DIAMOND HALF-HOOP	RINGS.
DIAMOND CLUSTER	RINGS.
DIAMOND SOLITAIRE	RINGS.
RUBY HALF-HOOP	RINGS.
EMERALD HALF-HOOP	RINGS.

WEDDING PRESENTS, GOLD OR SILVER.
NEW AND REVISED ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

C. MARCKS AND CO.,
1, East-street, POONA. 43, Esplanade-road; BOMBAY.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR'S FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

Net Per doz. Rs.		Net Per doz Rs.
23	... Thomson and Taylor's ... OLD SCOTCH ... ... Whisky ...	23
	Is a blend of fine old Campbelton and Islay.	
23	... Thomson and Taylor's ... OLD SCOTCH ... ... Whisky ...	23
	Is rich, mellow, and soft to the palate.	
23	... Thomson and Taylor's ... OLD SCOTCH ... ... Whisky ...	23
	Is a genuine and wholesome spirit.	
23	... Thomson and Taylor's ... OLD SCOTCH ... ... Whisky ...	23
	Is recommended to all those who appreciate "a really good Whisky Peg."	
23	... Thomson and Taylor's ... OLD SCOTCH ... ... Whisky ...	23
	Is always of uniform quality.	
23	... Thomson and Taylor's ... OLD SCOTCH ... ... Whisky ...	23

Can be supplied to wholesale dealers, Messes, Clubs, and other large consumers to whom special rates for large quantities will be given on application to

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE KHANGAUM COTTON PRESSING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Khangaum Cotton Pressing Company, Limited, called for 4-30 p. m., on the 1st day of August, 1883, was, for want of a quorum, ADJOURNED to 4-30 p. m. on the 2ND day of August.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
BREUL & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

G'S LINIMENT,

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY for the speedy cure of MANGE and other SKIN DISEASES in Horses, Dogs, and Cattle.
Price Re. 1-8 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

CHOLERA DROPS.

THIS preparation has long enjoyed a repute for its curative and preventative properties in CHOLERA and DIARRHŒA. Every household should have a bottle of this really effective remedy, which will be found invaluable in CASE OF EMERGENCY, in TRAVELLING and when beyond the reach of PROMPT MEDICAL AID.

Sold in bottles, As. 8 and 12 only.

B. S. MADON AND CO.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE AT JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR :

THE property of a gentleman, a well-built light MAIL-PHAETON, in thoroughly good order, by Simpson of Madras, with a pair of well matched grey Australian cobs, and a set of English-made double harness.

A powerful chestnut Arab HORSE, young, and over 15 hands high, broken to harness, make a good brougham or dog-cart horse, (price moderate).

Just arrived a new English-built stylish and light MAIL-PHAETON, by Lewis T. Fulker of Salisbury.

JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

SEWING MACHINES !—From all the best English, American, and Continental makers with latest and most modern improvements, attachments, and "automatic" accessories. Every Machine warranted for 2 YEARS.—H. A. GEYER & Co., Bombay.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES combine all the latest improvements with a simplicity far exceeding all other Machines. They sew the Lockstitch presenting the same appearance on both sides of the material. They sew from the finest Muslin to the thickest Leather. They are complete with all accessories, and can be had for cash or on hire from the Company's only office in Bombay, 2, Church Gate-street, Bom[bay].

FREE from absorption of moisture—[B]urmahs, E.M. made of the finest selected tobacco and deliciously flavored. Rs. 2, per 125.—HOWARD & Co., 3, Meadow-st.

DINDIGUL HAVANNAHS, 1 (medium size), unrivalled for genuineness, fragrance and finish. Rs. 2 per 100. HOWARD & Co., 3, Meadow-street.

A MATCH of 1,000 up will be played at the WAVERLEY BILLIARD ROOM TO-MORROW (Friday) EVENING, play commencing at 8 p.m.

JUST UNPACKED Wimbledon Champion Lawn-tennis BALLS and triple-hiled Lawn-tennis Champion BATS of the latest fash, never before imported in this Presidency. Trial order solicited.—BARTON & Co., Bombay.

HATS.—JUST RECEIVED, new shape Sun Hats and Helmets by the best makers. BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited.

THE CHAMPION CUE, used by Roberts, Cooke and all the best players, can only be had from JOHN ROBERTS, Jr., & Co., Limited.

"OUR SPECIALITE" [Fi]shing Tweed SUITS, guaranteed all-wool, Rs. 14, cash only. Y. A. LUCKA and Co., Tailors, Meadow[-street], Fort, Bombay.

TAILORING.—Just opened out a fine assortment of new Tweeds and Angolas, Waterproof Clothing, &c. Inspection solicited. John Mahomed & Co., 16, Meadow-str.

COURVOISIER'S BRANDY.—Consignment of this well known brandy just received. Price Rs. 24 per doz. Apply GODOWN-KEEPER, LYON & Co.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1883. Price, Rs. 5 ; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

LITHOGRAPHIC STONES.—Finest quality. Sizes (in inches) 15 by 21, 17 by 22, 18 by 24, 19 by 25, 22 by 28, 24 by 30, 24 by 32. Price 2 to 3½ As. per lb. J. NUBERG, Bombay.

WANTED, a PARSEE well acquainted with the business in SEEDS and WHEAT, to manage an Agency in the Interior. Apply with copies of testimonials to Z., care of *Bombay Gazette*. Bombay, 30th July, 1883.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply to the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, WINES, SPIRITS, Tea, Coffee, Ices, Cakes, Biscuits, &c., at PEARSE'S, 22, Apollo-street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following DAYS of the WEEK commencing from MONDAY the 6th instant, have been FIXED for the HEARING of COMPLAINTS filed under section 79 of the BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACTS against PROPERTY VALUATIONS in the Fort, Mandvie, Byculla and Parel and Mahim wards respectively.

MONDAY.—For complaints from the FORT ward.
TUESDAY and FRIDAY.—For complaints from the MANDVI ward.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.—For complaints from the BYCULLA ward.
THURSDAY.—For complaints from the PAREL and MAHIM ward.

Complaints will be heard in the Municipal Office from noon till 5 p.m.

T. S. WEIR,
Acting Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, 1st August, 1883.

NOW READY.

THE INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE, FOR AUGUST, 1883,

CONTAINING ALL THE SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES OF ALL THE INDIAN RAILWAYS, WITH ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATIONS,
STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES,
BULLOCK TRAINS AND TRANSIT COMPANIES
AND THE
ROUTES BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF NORTHERN, CENTRAL, SOUTHERN AND WESTERN INDIA.
WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
Showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
Postage Free.

Corrected up to the last day of going to press, and published on the 1st of every month at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

☞ The GUIDE for Aug. has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good medium for advertisers. For Rates &c., apply to the Manager "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

G. I. P. R. LOCOMOTIVE DEPARTMENT, PAREL AMUSEMENT COMMITTEE.

The Committee beg to announce their FIF[T]H QUADRILLE PARTY ON F[RI]DAY, 3RD AUGUST, IN THE OLD DRAW[I]NG OF[FIC]E AT BYCULLA. Dancing at 9 o'cl[ock] (local time).

Admission—Two Rupees to admit a Gentleman and two Ladies. Extra Lady's Ticket Eight Annas.

T. DREWET, M.E.,

CONSULTING ENGINEER, SURVEYOR AND VALUER, ENGINEER'S GENERAL AGENT.
EXPERIMENTAL MACHINERY,
MECHANICAL DRAWING, TRACING, &C.
PLANS AND ESTIMATES PREPARED.
MACHINERY, &C., BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
WORK INSPECTED DURING PROGRESS.
HEAVY MACHINERY LANDED AND FORWARDED.
Mills and Factories of all kinds estimated and contracted
AGENTS FOR
Charles Jones, successor to the late J. Hodgart, inventor of HODGART'S PRESSES.
Messrs Thwaites Brothers, Engineers, Vulcan Works, Bradford, Yorkshire.
Armitage's Vegetative, for removing or preventing scale and corrosion in Boilers.
MANGANITE PAINTS.
PROCTOR'S MECHANICAL STOKER.
Universal non-conductant, for preventing loss of heat by radiation from exposed surfaces
PENDULOUS DONKEY ENGIN
No. 3, Lower Colaba.

THACKER AND CO.'S HALF-TOLA NOTE PAPER.

	Rs. a.
Per Packet, 120 sheets	1 0
Envelopes to match, per 100	1 0
Large size paper, per 120 sheets	1 4
Envelopes to match, per 100	1 4

This paper is specially prepared for the HALF ANNA INLAND POSTAGE.

One sheet of paper and one envelope weighing under half tola, being the half anna postage, and 3 sheets of paper and one envelope weighing under half ounce being the 4½ annas overland postage.

VALUE-PAYABLE PARCELS.—To those having no accounts with us, we recommend the VALUE PAYABLE SYSTEM as a great convenience ; it not only ensures safe transit (the Post office being responsible for the value of the Parcels), but the trouble of procuring remittances for small sums are avoided.

THACKER & CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY,
ENGRAVERS, DIE SINKERS, COPPER PLATE PRINTERS, RELIEF STAMPERS, STATIONERS, BOOKSELLERS, PUBLISHERS, NEWSAGENTS.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1.

ACCORDING to the financial telegrams received this morning, there is no change in the values of any of the London Stock Exchange securities. The position of money is also unaltered.

In the General Produce markets linseed is flat: Wheat a shade lower.

The Manchester Piece-goods market is quiet.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday closed dull, both for Americans and Surats: arrivals flat. Sales 8,000 bales, of which 700 bales were Surats. Prices in Liverpool and New York remain unchanged. The figures to date are given below:—

	1883.	1882.	1881.
Total receipts up to Monday....	5,918,000	4,629,200	5,716,300
Tuesday's receipts	2,000	700	2,800
Total since 1st Sept.	5,920,000	4,629,900	5,719,100

EXCHANGE is steady at the closing rates of yesterday, but this being Council bills day, we have not heard of many transactions. The immediate future will depend very much on the rate obtained for the Government telegraphic transfers, and we look upon 1s. 7 7-16d. as a probable figure.

There are sellers of demand paper for October-November delivery at 1s. 7 15-32d. No change whatever in Calcutta; telegraphic transfer 1s. 7 3-8d.: six months' credits 1s. 7 29-32d.

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 7 7-16d.
Do. Telegraphic transfer	1s. 7¾d.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 7 ⅝d.
Credits, 3 months sight.....	1s. 7 29-32d.
Francs, 3 months' sight.....	25f. 7½c.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is weak and rates have declined a little. We quote 4 per cents. Rs. 99; 4½ per cents. Rs. 103¾.

SHARES.—A few Port Cannings were sold at the reduced rate of Rs. 340. Press stock steady. Some Bombay Cottons were placed at Rs. 825; Mofussils at Rs. 455 and Sind. Press at Rs. 545. Mill shares are the turn lower and rates have declined about Rs. 5 per share. Business has been done in Alliances at Rs. 960; Dhurrumseys at Rs. 670; Empress at Rs. 875; Jewraz Baltoes at Rs. 1,225; Khandesh at Rs. 975; Khataos at Rs. 1,120; Manockjee Petits at Rs. 1,445; Mazagons at Rs. 262½; Morarjees at Rs. 1,570; New Great Easterns at Rs. 1,090; Orientals at Rs. 770; Prince of Wales at Rs. 330; and Sholapores at Rs. 1,600 ex dividend.

COTTON.—There is no enquiry on European account, but some transactions have taken place, between native merchants, in the new crop for forward delivery. Machine-ginned Broach and Good Julgaum for March delivery having been done at Rs. 196 and Rs. 165 per candy respectively. We quote:—

		per candy.
Machine-ginned Broach.	.....	Rs. 175
Comrawuttee,	Fine	..... none.
Do.	F.G.	..... „ 161
Do.	Good	..... „ 155-156
Do.	F.G.F.	..... „ 148-149
Dhollera	Fine	..... none.
Do.	F.G.	..... „ 161
Do.	Good	..... „ 156-157
Do.	F.G.F.	..... „ 148
Benares	Good	..... „ 151
Western	Good	..... „ 153
Do	F.G.F.	..... „ 147-148
Dharwar Saw-ginned, Good		..... „ 160-161
Compta		..... „ 140

LINSEED continues quiet at Rs. 5-10 per cwt.

RAPESEED.—There is a moderate inquiry both for Guzerat and Cawnpore at Rs. 7-9 to Rs. 7-10, and Rs. 7-3 to Rs. 7-4 per cwt. respectively.

WHEAT remains stagnant, and prices close weak in consequence. We quote: White Pessie No. 1, Rs. 33 per candy; Yellow, Rs. 27½ to Rs. 28; Luskari, Rs. 26 to Rs. 27; Catha Rs. 24½ to Rs. 24½.

FREIGHTS are improving. The steamer Thessaly has booked 500 tons of Wheat at 21s. 3d. and is asking 22s. 6d. to 23s. 9d. for Measurement. Antwerp ready 27s. 6d.; forward 30s. For Venice 27s. 6d. is named; Trieste 35s. both payable at an exchange of 2s. per rupee.

PIECE-GOODS.—There is no alteration of importance in our market to-day. The G. I. P. Railway is receiving goods as well as the Baroda line, and now that communication with the districts is resorted the stagnation which existed about a week ago is likely to be a thing of the past.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan Monroe, 1,436 tons, Captain R. McIvor, will sail to-day for Antwerp with a general cargo.

THE ship Shah Jehan, 608 tons, Captain T. Williams, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Louis (July 14th) in ballast.

THE steamer Scindia, 416 tons, Captain S. Abrey, will sail to-day for Karrachee with a general cargo and one deck passenger.

THE steamer Malacca, 1,044 tons, Captain H. Schacht, sailed yesterday for Zanzibar with a ... and 20 deck passengers.

... Co.'s steamer Booldana, Captain ... sailed yesterday for Coast and ... general cargo, and Mr. Sleen and ...

...ona, 1,341 tons, Captain W. Ditch, ... harbour yesterday from Liverpool ... a cargo of 1,9 1 tons coals. The ... ed to the Captain.

THE steamer Boss Roch, 2,313 tons, Captain J. Thompson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said (21st July) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Mackintosh and Co.

THE Hall Line steamer Merton Hall sailed yesterday for Liverpool with a general cargo and the following passengers:—A gentleman, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Smith and native servant, the Rev. Dr. Valentine, Mrs. Mudhan, sister, and infant, Mrs. L. Beverley and child, Lieut. J. D. La Poer Beresford.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Bancoora, 2,170 tons, Captain John Hart, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. V. Porteous, Mr. and Mrs. Pierce and two children, Mr. P. de Serga B. Fiago, and 19 deck.

PASSENGERS BY THE ANCHOR LINE STEAMER.

THE following passengers were booked per s. s. Armenia, which sailed yesterday for Liverpool:—Deputy Surgeon-General J. Tulloch, Mrs. Tulloch and child, Miss Tulloch, Major Shettall, Mrs. Shettall and two children, Miss Sonnett, Miss A. Seymour, Col. Norman, four gentlemen, Mrs. Lindsay, Infants, 2 ayahs, Miss Delaney, Master Delaney, two Misses Smith, Mr. J. C. King, Mr. T. Fleury, Major W. Dring, and Mrs. Dring, and five distressed seamen.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
1	Boss Roch (s)	Thompson ..	Port Said, July 21.
	Bancoora (s)	Hart	Calcutta, July 9.
	Olthona	Littenburn ..	Liverpool, April 28.
	Shah Jehan	Williams ..	Port Louis, July 14.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
1	Manilla (s).....	Cruciani	Genoa, &c.
	Malacca (s).....	Schacht	Zanzibar.
	derton Hall (s) ..	Verrill	Liverpool.
	soldana (s)	Turner.....	alcutta, &c.
	rmenia (s)	tead.....	iverpool.

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday:—
Steamer Clan Munro, McIvor, to Antwerp.
Steamer Scindia, Abrey, to Kurrachee.

The follow vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Clan Alpine, to Jeddah.
Steamer Abyssinia, to P. Gulf via Kurrachee.

CALCUTTA ...

ARRIVALS.

...littard ..Rangoon, July 18.
...Stead .....London, June 19.
...wman.....Bombay, July 2.
...McConac....Colombo, July 17.
.....Fotcher ....Moulmein, July 21.

DEPARTURES.

...ers Huzara and Calcutta. Ship Gilroy, Barque Condor.
July 28.—Steamers Parramatta, Inch Borva, Scindia, and Bassein. Ship Beaconsfield. Barques Ben Macdhui and 2l. and E. Cox.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 1.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Mount Lebanon s—65 kegs lead ore, Roychund Ruttonjee; 5 cases copper sheets, Killick, Nixon and Co; 43 cases clocks, Ardeshir Cursetjee.
Thessaly s—100 drums linseed oil, Essoofally Keekabhoy.

FROM LONDON.

Ancona s—51 packages papers, A. M. Surufally; 2 cases paper, C. Macintosh and Co.
Berina s—50 cases beer, Dhanjeebhoy Cowarjee; 23 bales papers, Tyebally Mahomedally.
Venetia s—2 cases books, Jehangir and Co; 2 cases books, Cooper and Co; 2 cases books, Shawaksha Hormusjee.

FROM TRIESTE.

Venetia s—40 boxes silver bars (its. 110,000), The National Bank.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Venet a s—10 boxes bar silver (its. 40,000), The National Bank.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 1.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Armenia s—80 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.; 52 bales cotton William Bell and Co.; 300 cwts. bones, Curimbhoy Nanjee; 134 bales cotton, Ld Kinedas Khimjee; 100 cwts oil cake, Cullianjee Jairaz.
Thessaly s—4,166 cwts wheat, Rallı Bros.
Cascapedia s—120 cwts coir yarn, Rajaram Tyebjee and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Sandal s—3,000 cwts rapeseed, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Gwalior s—220 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Clan Monroe (s)—1,0 0 cwts rapeseed, Lang, Moir and Co; 715 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.
Thorndale s—10,850 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bas..alore s—20 bales grey long cloth and 5 bales chudders David Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Bangalore s—50 bales twist, John Campbell and Co; 25 bales twist, Benn, Ashley and Co; 30 bales twist, N. Bhowan.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bangalore s—100 bales cotton, Ramnarayen Moolidhur; 340 bales cotton, shunichund Ugocarchund; 8 bales cotton, Framjee Hormusjee Mehta; 41 bales twist, Currumally Cassum; 25 bales twist, Jairaj Lowjee; 115 bales twist, Jo n Fleming and Co; 59 bales twist, Hajee Essoo Allias; 20 bales T. cloth, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 14 cwts goats horns and 9 cwts hoorabole, Ramjee Canjee; 31 bales cotton, N. B. Mody and Co; 44 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmedass; 50 bales twist, Jadowjee Doongersey; 25 bales cotton, Cursetjee Somanjee and Co; 175 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Bangalore s—18 cwts gum, G. Nurseedass; 25 bales twist and 25 bales T. cloth, David Sassoon and Co.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 2.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

29-81—Jefferson, B. and D.—C. A. Turner vs. Haji Beebee and others—Craigie, L. and O.—Part heard.
356-82—Tobin and R.—The London & and M. Bank vs. Narayen Dhondobe—Janardhun G.
For further directions and costs.
520-80—Bomanji and H.—Murarji Poonja vs. Cooverji Ludha and another—Hore, C. and B.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice LATHAM.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

325-82—Tyabji and D—Cassilal Mithalal vs. Narayen Withoba—M. M. Munshi—Part heard.
391-82—Tyabji and D.—Dharsibai Jessa vs. Fatmabai and another—In person—Part heard.
218-80—Smith and F.—Luckmidas Khimji and another vs. Purshotum Hurrydas and others—Khunderao M., and Nanu and H.
331-82—Shapurji and T.—Rambilas Pokermal vs. Harry Canji and others—Hore C. and B.
409-82—Craigie L. and O.—Harrisbhudas Cullandass vs. Sha Manockial Chaganlal and others.
183-81—Smith and F.—Narrondas Ruttonsey and others vs. Mooji Anundji—Hore, C. and B.
87-81—Balkrishna and B.—Manockbai vs. Jerbai and others—Ardesir and H. and in person.
394-82—Payne and R.—Appaji Pandoorug vs. Ludha Ghella and another.
381-30—Smith and F.—Premji Heerji and others vs. Goolamhoosin Meya Jan and another—Craigie, L. & O.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

327-82—Smith and F.—Dhunjee Mowjee vs. J. F. Sleeman —Chatfield and W.—Part heard.
318-82—Macfarlane and E.—Pandurung Jesoba Sungirri vs. Bala Mungesh Wagle and another—Shapurjee and T.—Part heard.
342-82—Payne and G.—C. A. Turner vs. Framji Curseiji Javarl.—Nanu and H.

Petition for hearing.

In the matter of the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers Act, being Act 28 of 1866, and in the matter of the last Will and Testament of Ardaseer Ho mapjee, deceased —Chatfield and W.—Hormanjee Ardaseer Hormanjee and another vs. Meherbai and others—Cleveland, L. and N.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 30.

Stock, Major, 10th Bombay N. I., from leave, from England.

August 1.

Dring, Major, Army Pay Dept., on duty, from Nowshera.

DEPARTURES.—AUGUST 1.

Morgan, Major, R. A., to join, to Malta.
Norman, Col., 24th Punjab N. I., on leave, to England.
Relly, Lieut., R. A., on leave, to England.
Tulloch, Bade. Surg., on duty, to England.
Beresford, Lieut., Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
Strettell, Major, 9th Madras N. I., on leave, to England.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, July 28.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Surg. J. F. Tuohy are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Govt. of the N.-W. P. and Oudh.

The services of Surg. E. G. Russell, M. B., Civil Surg. of Gauhati, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal.

Surg. J. L. Poynder, of the Madras Medical Service, is appointed to be Civil Surg. of Balaghat in the Central Provinces.

Consequent on the appointment of Dr. Schlich, Consvr. of Forests of the 1st Grade, as Inspr.-Genl. of Forests to the Govt. of India, the following permanent promotions are made, from 24th Apl. 1883.

Mr. G. Greig, Consvr. of Forests of the 2nd Grade in the Central Circle of the N.-W. P. and Oudh, and Offg. as Consvr. of Forests of the 1st Grade is confirmed in the latter appointment.

Maj. F. Bailey, R. E., Consvr. of Forests of the 3rd Grade in the School Circle of the N.-W. P. and Oudh, and Offg. as Consvr. of Forests of the 2nd Grade, is confirmed in the latter appointment.

Mr. A. L. Howe, Depy. Consvr. of Forests of the 1st Grade in Bengal, and Offg. as Consvr. of Forests of the 3rd Grade, is confirmed in the latter appointment.

Mr. W. Jacob, Depy. Consvr. of Forests of the 2nd Grade, in the Central Provinces, and Offg. as Depy. Consvr. of Forests of the 1st Grade, is confirmed in the latter appointmen .

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mons r. L. P. Vossin, of the French Consular Service, as Vice-Consul for France, at Rangoon.

Subject to the confirmation of H.M.'s Govt., the Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Henry Furrer as Actg. Vice-Consul for Austria and Hungary, at Aden, during the absence of Mr. V. Escher.

Subject to the confirmation of H. M.'s Govt., the Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Paul Masoti as Actg. Consul for Belgium, at Bombay, during the absence of Mr. F. Masotti.

Mr. J. S. Williams, Consul for the United States of America, at Aden, resumed charge of his office on the 2nd July.

Mr. C. E. R. Girdlestone, C.S., Resident of the 2nd Class, and Resident in Nipal, is granted three months' privilege leave, with effect from the 25th July, or subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Major-Genl. J. Watson, C.B., V.C., B. S. C., Resident of the 1st Class, and Agent to the Govr.-Genl. in Baroda, is granted privilege leave for two months, from 12th Sept.

Mr. G. Lucas, Uncovenanted Assist. to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, is granted three months' privilege leave, from 16th July.

Privilege leave for one month and twenty-one days is granted to Mr. A. C. Tupp, B.C.S., Offg. Acct.-Genl., Bengal, from 15th Aug.

Mr. E. W. Kellner is appointed to officiate as Accountant-General, during Mr. Tupp's absence on leave or until further orders.

Privilege leave for two months and four days is granted to Mr. E. J. Sinkinson, B.C.S., Offg. Acct.-Genl. N.-W. Provinces and Oudh and Depy. Commissr. of Paper Currency at Allahabad, during Mr. Sinkinson's absence on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. J. F. Finlay, M.A., B.C.S., is appointed to officiate as Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce during the absence of Mr. Logan, on deputation, or until further orders.

Mr. E. S. Byrne assumed charge of the duties of his appointment as Depy. Comptr.-Genl. on 21st July.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Bengal S. C. with effect from the dates specified, subject to the confirmation of the Rt. Hon'ble the Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. Edward Edmonstone Couper, Royal Warwickshire Regt. Offg. Wing Officer, 1st Goorkha Regt.—1st July, 1882.

Lieut. Alfred Lucian Phillip, Dorsetshire Regt, Offg. Wing Officer, 28th N. I., 1st July, 1882.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieut.-Col. (Bt.-Col. L. H. Williams, Bengal S. C., Commandant, 14th N. I. (p. a.) for 70 days.

Lieut. G. T. Pickard-Cambridge, Bengal S. C., (m. c.) for one year.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Rt. Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—Major A. G. Harrshorne, General List, Infantry, (m. c.) for six months. Capt. E. H. Cameron, R.E., (m. c.) for six months.

Lieut.-Col. (Bt.-Col.) B. H. Chambers, B.S.C., having vacated the command of the 6th Punjab Infy., Punjab Frontier Force, on 1st April 1883, is permitted to reside in Europe.

The following promotions are made, subject to H. M.'s approval:—

Bengal Corps.—To be Colonel. Maj. Henry Warde Wyer, 25th July.

To be Majs.—Capt. Henry Affleck Graves, 16th July. James Bird Hutchinson, 17th July.

Bengal Army.—To be Col.—Lieut.-Col. (Bt. Col.) Peter Wheeler, Bengal Infy., 18th July.

To be Lieut.-Colonels.—Lieut.-Col. William Walker Pemberton, Staff C., 13th July. Lieut.-Col. William Hodge Cubitt, V. C., B. S. C., 26th July.

Colonel Edward Nowlowance.—Lieut.-Col. (Bt. Col.) William James Hewlett Barlow, B. S. C., is admitted to the Col's Regiment, dated 22nd July.

The following promotions are made of Departmental Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers for services during the recent campaign in Egypt, from 16th July, 1882, under the provisions of Clause 225, India Army Circular, 1882:—

To be Staff Apothecary.—1st Class Apothecary H. Russell.

To be 1st Class Apothecary.—2nd Class Apothecary D. Ivy.

Commissariat Department, to be Sub-Conductors Sergeant Alfred Wakeman; Sergeant William Hamilton Hilton.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

During the absence, on 3 months' privilege leave, of Maj. G. O. Boughey, R.E., Manager, Indus Valley Railway, Mr. C. F. Storey, the Supdt. of Way and Works of the Line, will act as Manager, and Maj. A. A. Little, Exec. Engr., will act as Supdt., Ways and Works.

Maj. W. Tomkins, R.E., Suptdg. Engr. Class III., sub prom., is appointed to officiate as Suptdg. Engr. and Sy. to the Agent to the Govr.-Genl. for Biluchistan in the P. W. D. in respect of Civil Works.

AGENT, GOVERNOR-GENERAL FOR RAJPUTANA.

Mr. W. R. Lawrence, C.S., Assist. Agent, Govr.-Genl., Rajputana, is granted 3 months' privilege leave, from 15th July.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG.

Mr. F. B. Wilkinson, Depy. Conservr. of Forests in Coorg, is granted privilege leave of absence for 3 months.

The Office Notification, dated 25th May 1883, appointing Mr. J. H. A. Tremenheere, M.C.S., to officiate as Civil and Sess. Judge of the Civil and Mily. Station of Bangalore, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Col. H. G. Thomson, is cancelled.

Lieut. G. R. Scott-Moncrieff, R.E., Offg. Depy. Consulting Engr. to Govt. of India for Guaranteed Railways, Lucknow, passed, on 2nd July, the examination in Persian by the Higher Standard.

Mr. F. R. Lycett, Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade., has been granted 5 months' furlough to England, from 25th June.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINERSHIPS.

IT is hereby notified that at a Meeting, to be held on the 8th August, the Syndicate will proceed to make APPOINTMENTS to the various UNIVERSITY EXAMINERSHIPS for the current year, when they will be glad to consider any applications that may have been forwarded to the undersigned on or before WEDNESDAY, the 15th August. Particulars with regard to the Examinerships may be obtained by application to this office.

PETER PETERSON, M.A.,
University Registrar.

University Library, 30th July, 1883.

SPECTACLES *V.* BLINDNESS.

SPECTACLES can only be perfectly adjusted by those having a thorough knowledge of the anatomy of the eye, combined with optical experience. We have the highest medical authorities, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection employed by the mere vendor, is the cause of most cases of blindness and defective vision. MESSRS. LAWRENCE AND MAYO, Consulting Oculists' Opticians, personally adapt their IMPROVED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, at their Offices, Rampart-row, above Soundy and Co., Bombay, and East-street, Poona, daily (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 5. Pamphlet and Price-list free on application.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses, are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MAKE OF MANUFACTURE.

SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE*,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurttemberg, Germany,
Established 1809.

SCHIEDMAYER and *SOEHNE'S* PIANOS.

A FRESH CONSIGNMENT of these celebrated instruments has ARRIVED by Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. S. VORWARTS and are being tuned by our man from the Factory.

SCHIEDMAYER and *SOEHNE'S* PIANO DEPOT,
ESPLANADE-ROAD, OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER.
AN EARLY INSPECTION SOLICITED.

Prices &c. &c. &c.
Prices as previously advised, on the two years system.

Plain square Piano.....	its. 35	per month	or its. 750
Sympathetic square	„ 40	„	or „ 850
Semi-grand, on three legs ..	„ 6	„	or „ 1,375

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
C. MARCKS & Co.,
Sole Agents.

CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

AT the MEETING of the COMMITTEE NOMINATED by GOVERNMENT for the purpose of ensuring an adequate representation of the PRODUCTS of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY at the INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION to be held in Calcutta in December next, it was RESOLVED that to enable the Committee to defray all expenses that might be incurred in procuring and sending exhibits to Calcutta, in shipping clerks, and generally in carrying out the objects for which the Committee were appointed by Government, a SUBSCRIPTION LIST BE OPENED to which the Community generally, European and Native, be invited to subscribe; and that the subscriptions be paid into an account to be kept with the BANK OF BOMBAY in the names of JAMES THORBURN, Esq., JINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT, Esq., and SORABJEE SHAPURJEE BENGALI, Esq., to be operated upon by them.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will accordingly be received by the BANK OF BOMBAY, where an account has been opened in the names of these gentlemen.

By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 31st July, 1883.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

McIVER—August 1, at "The Beehive," Nepean-road, Malabar Hill, the wife of Daniel McIver, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

HALL—REED—July 31, at St. Mary's Church, Poona, William Hall to Annie, eldest daughter of the late H. Reed, Esq., P. W. D.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CHESNEY—July 23, at Dagshai, the wife of Lieut. H. F. Chesney, R.E., of a son, prematurely.
DUNN—July 27, at Dum Dum, the wife of R. H. Dunn, Esq., Royal Welsh Fusiliers, of a son.

DEATH.

GARDINER—July 27, at Ajmere, the infant son of Capt. R. Gardiner, R.E., aged 5 months and 9 days.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1883.

WHEN the abolition of the import duties was effected last year, we hazarded the opinion that the ultimate influence of free-trade would benefit Bombay at the expense of Manchester. This was certainly not the object with which the abolition was agitated in England, and it may have seemed somewhat singular to anticipate a result directly opposed to what was expected by the parties engaged in the agitation. Nevertheless, we believed there was sound reason for the idea, and the condition of the manufacturing industry, at this moment, tends to confirm the forecast we made fifteen months ago. The sanguine anticipation in which we partook arose from a thorough confidence in the resources and capacity of Bombay. The belief that the Bombay cotton-manufacturing industry was dependent on protection for its existence was entirely erroneous, and must be attributed to the anxieties which naturally surround a youthful enterprise. It was the opinion of men well qualified to judge that in this matter Bombay required an impetus, and to these courageous minds no stimulant was likely to be more effective than free competition. In other words, the local manufacturing industry was being weakened by the props that were supposed to support it, and would never acquire the robust development of which it was capable until it was left to its own resources. We publish in another column a correspondence relating to a project for undertaking the function to which we alluded last year, as being appropriate to Bombay. This was to supply the markets of the East with manufactured goods. We indicated East Africa as being a proper field for Bombay enterprise, and this is pointed out in the correspondence to which we refer. The project for seeking new fields for our industry has, in this instance, been set on foot by Mr. Damodher Thackersey Mooljee. This gentleman has addressed to the Bombay Millowners' Association a description of his scheme, and the objects with which he promotes it. There is in Bombay a large and accumulating stock of piece-goods, and unless steps are taken to diminish this accumulation, Mr. Damodher fears that a large number of looms will have to stop working. The annual production of piece-goods in Bombay amounts to about a lakh of bales. For several years it has been found impossible to dispose of this quantity of goods, and at the end of each year there has remained a balance of about 30,000 bales. It is evident that something must be done to get rid of these stocks, and to bring the demand for Bombay piece-goods up to the figure of production. There are, of course, only two courses—to diminish the out-put, or to find new markets. Under present circumstances, the proper expedient to adopt is the latter, and it is for this purpose that Mr. Damodher has addressed the Association. He suggests, "for the serious consideration of the Committee, whether it would not be worth their while to send out a representative to the commercial ports of Burmah, Siam, China, Japan, Arabia, Persia, Turkey, Zanzibar, Mozambique, and other places, whence he could, on his arrival at each place, report the actual imports, and send samples of English coarse yarn and piece-goods (especially piece-goods) which are in favour there, and also furnish all other information connected with the trade at these places." Mr. Damodher estimates that the quantity of English coarse goods imported in the places mentioned amounts to twice or thrice the quantity produced in Bombay. There is room, therefore, he argues, for Bombay to obtain a footing sufficient to relieve the congested stocks, to afford employment for her looms, and to enable her, probably, to develop her manufacturing industry beyond its present proportions. Mr. Damodher cites a powerful illustration in support of his contention, namely, the case of yarn. At one time as much difficulty was experienced in disposing of yarn as is now felt with regard to coarse piece-goods. Now, however, no stock of yarn remains on hand. By dint of a little energy the markets of China and Japan were opened up to Bombay yarn, and from that time to this no trouble has been met with in disposing of it. It is only reasonable to conclude that an expedient which answered satisfactorily in the case of yarn would apply equally to coarse piece-goods. Mr. Damodher has selected Shanghai as a subject for comparison. He furnishes a statement of the amount of coarse goods imported from England, which Bombay is in a position to supply. It will be seen on reference that a comparatively small share of Eastern trade would set this department of manufactures in Bombay on a satisfactory footing.

The Committee of the Mill-owners have concurred cordially in Mr. Damodher's proposal, and have called a special meeting of the Association to consider certain practical proposals for carrying it into effect. The meeting will not be restricted to members of the Association, nor to mill-owners working looms. The project, though primarily designed to foster the trade in piece-goods, will react favourably on the yarn trade, by stimulating the demand for that article, and it deserves the concurrent support of spinners. The Committee propose to give a very comprehensive trial to Mr. Damodher's idea; and the main field of their experiments will be the East Coast of Africa, a great amount of which is unoccupied, and, in fact, awaits Indian enterprise to work it. They propose to send a representative to Arabia, Zanzibar, the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, Persia, Turkey in Asia, Egypt, the Levant, and any other places in that direction that may seem advisable. On account of the expense, the field east of India will be left for some future effort. The estimated expense of sending a representative and assistant throughout these parts is Rs. 12,000 per annum, and it is proposed to defray this by means of a contribution from each mill-owner of one rupee per 100 spindles, and four annas per loom. The expense, therefore, is no great tax, and can scarcely be grudged. The project, in fact, is a very modest one, if we consider the capacity of the manufacturing trade. The industry has been growing steadily for years. The mills generally are making handsome profits, and we need no more interesting proof than that the Anglo-Indian Company has already made up the substantial defalcations discovered a month or two ago, and is again working for profit. We believe the present is the first really practical effort to push their coarse piece-goods which has been made by Bombay manufacturers. Small shipments have, indeed, been made to some of the markets indicated by Mr. Damodher, and the results obtained did not, we believe, tend to encourage further exports. But these attempts were made on no intelligent principle. Little or no account was taken of the requirements of the markets, and the goods were not prepared with any view to meet the tastes or needs of the customers. Failure, under such circumstances, was, of course, inevitable. No inference, therefore, can be drawn from these initial experiments which ought to discourage the promoters of the present scheme. On the other hand, the ground for encouragement is overwhelming. The geographical position of Bombay is exceptionally favourable for supplying the countries bordering on the Indian Ocean. Labour is unusually cheap, and cotton is to be had literally on the spot. If Bombay can supply China and Japan with the coarser yarns, there is no reason whatever why she should not also furnish these markets with the coarser kinds of cloths. What really is wanted is accurate knowledge as to the varieties of goods suitable for these markets, and an intelligent application of the information when it is obtained. The method suggested by Mr. Damodher, and approved by the Committee of the Association, ought to serve the necessary object, and a favourable result may be confidently anticipated from the experiment.

MODERN prolixity has very nearly proved too much for the House of Commons, but Mr. Gladstone has devised sundry expedients for compressing proceedings and expediting work. Whether the expedients will avail is another matter; but at all events they have been resorted to very freely. Can nothing be done to hasten—slowly—proceedings in courts of law? They are becoming more and more lengthened as civilization advances. In England the months devoted to the Claimant's case became a public scandal, and more recently the Belt case was protracted beyond all reason, to the great profit of the lawyers, and the possible ruin, not of the litigants, but of their unwary backers. It is not so very long since that an action about a sum of Rs. 4,000 in Bombay was spread over so many weeks that the costs amounted to Rs. 20,000. And on Monday last the Court of Appeal, after spending twenty days in rehearing a case which had occupied the Court below forty-two days, reversed the judgment of the latter, and saddled the losing side with all the costs. We will not hazard an opinion as to whether the judgment of Mr. Justice Bayley or the reversal of that judgment by Mr. Justice Pinhey and Mr. Justice Scott was most in accordance with the verities of the case. On that point no one can venture to form a confident opinion. There were seventy-two witnesses, of whom twenty-six were for the plaintiff and forty-six for the defendants, and the swearing was voluminous. There were one hundred and seventy-six exhibits into the bargain. The judge who had to listen patiently to all these witnesses, and wade through all the exhibits, was very much to be pitied. The Court above, which had to listen to the reading out of all the depositions and exhibits, was also to be pitied, and may be excused for remarking with some bitterness on the absence of [illegible] judgment setting forth the [illegible] of each Court below took as to the [illegible] of each individual of the seventy-two. Possibly a Mr. Justice Bayley undertaken to cobble, the judgment including such matters of de appeal work would still be in progress, and the point to yet to be made. But this is not the [illegible] which we would direct attention. Possibility should like to see discussed is the power of giving to the presiding judge the [illegible] who can-limiting the eternal flow of witnesses, knew or not, score after score, all depose to [illegible] converted essential facts. The judge has been [illegible] into a writing-machine by the rules hand obliges him to take down with his own [illegible] otherwise, every scrap of evidence, important or [illegible]. The which may be tendered by either [illegible] an inconmechanical drudgery has, amongst others [illegible] slow veniences, that of making the proceedings [illegible] and beyond endurance, and giving to counsel [illegible] and attorneys ample opportunity for imagin[illegible]-issues carrying out expedients for starting [illegible]. It can without number as the case proceeds. If a case very rarely happen that the real drift [illegible] t week's cannot be arrived at after, say, the first [illegible] ascerhearing; and surely when that is once [illegible] out tained it ought not to be difficult to [illegible] informand specify the exact points on which [illegible] sound tion should be sought to enable [illegible] ful to decision to be arrived at. It is [illegible] ary to hear of a case continuing from [illegible] January June, and the judgment then given [illegible] a pre-the subject of a twenty days' review [illegible] rumhead liminary to being quashed. A [illegible] ful to court-martial would be more [illegible] procedure plaintiffs and defendants than such [illegible] as this.

A LENGTHY and interesting report, [illegible] ade by Mr. Joubert to the Executive Committee [illegible] of the Calcutta Exhibition, has just been [illegible] rt republished. The enterprise, Mr. Jou[illegible]g, has marked, "growing from a small beginn[illegible] by its now attained a magnitude unforesee[illegible] been most sanguine supporters." This h[illegible] sym-due to the generous response and acti[illegible] Great pathy accorded by the exhibitors [illegible] China, Britain, Continental Europe, America[illegible]" as Japan, "and last, though not le[illegible]pride, Mr. Joubert observes with [illegible]xcusable Gov-"to the liberality of the [illegible] Colonies ernments. The sympathy of the [illegible]kable in this great enterprise is very re[illegible] have and gratifying. Even the most dist[illegible]uiana come forward to support it, and Briti[illegible]tavia, is elbowing Mauritius, Bourbon, [illegible]dition and the Straits Settlements in the co[illegible]truc-for space. The preparations for the [illegible] being tion and amusement of the visitors are [illegible]ensive carried on rapidly on a most comp[illegible]tions scale. In addition to the ordinary attr[illegible] of an Exhibition, an immense [illegible]shood cattle, horses, sheep, &c., will be [illegible]ther during the Christmas holidays. A lady in charge, who was most amusing, the two sailors returned to their ship, I agreeing to leave on Monday morning, the 9th, for Johanna in the Harrier. The Mission lady so argued me down that I had to point out to her that the word "gentleman" was not mentioned in the Bible, and "lady" only two or three times in connection with our Holy Lady; and yet every City clerk wanted to be now-a-days a gentleman, and even at Bombay the few European girls behind the bars and in the shops were called "young ladies," and they thought, as they worked and earned salaries, that they were as good as some who drove in carriages to the Apollo-bunder and would not work, and there I agreed with them. When will people give up always striving for front seats even in a church? In India, I am sorry to say, salaried officials often assume them, and often without payment.

The natives of Zanzibar are called "Swahilis," and the Missions have Swahili services, the Swahili language in English character being taught at the Mission schools. Next morning (Sunday) we attended service at the new Mission Church of Mbweni. There

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY.

NAPLES, JULY 31.

Latest particulars in connection with the loss of life by the late earthquake at Casamicciola now give the total number of deaths in the Island of Ischia as 5,000. It is found impossible to bury the dead, owing to the effluvia arising from the bodies. The ruins have therefore been covered with quicklime, and the place has been abandoned.

ERUPTION OF MOUNT VESUVIUS.

Mount Vesuvius is in an active state of eruption.

THE BRITISH TROOPS IN EGYPT.

LONDON, AUG. 1.

A telegram has been received from General Stephenson, stating that the general health of the British troops in Egypt is good, and that the cholera is assuming a less virulent type.

STEAMER CASUALTY.

ADEN, AUG. 1.

The s. s. Boskenna Bay has been towed into this harbour by the s. s. Corinth with the loss of four blades of her propeller.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 30.

The Anchor Line chartered steamer Mount Tabor, outward bound for Bombay, left here to-day.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 31.

The Hall Line steamer Rydal Hall left here for Bombay this morning.

LISBON, AUG. 1.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Dorunda, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 31st ultimo.

ADEN, JULY 31.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Khandalla, homeward bound from Kurrachee, Bombay, and Malabar Coast, left here on the evening of the 30th.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer India left here this morning.

COLOMBO, AUGUST 1.

Mail-steamer Shannon, from Aden, arrived.

LONDON, JULY 31.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats dull.

The London Cotton market has been flat.

Fair Dhollera	3½d.
The Manchester market has been quiet.	
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1 7⅞
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	79¼
4½ per cent. „	83½
3 per cent. Consols for account	99⅝
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102¼
4½ per cent. French Rentes	109¼
Bar Silver	50 7-16

Arrivals—Richard Person and Sam Weller.

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

(AUGUST 1.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Manilla land line still interrupted.
Saigon-Bankok cable still interrupted.
Siberian line interrupted near Blogowestchensk.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY, NIGHT, July 31.

10 p.m.	79·7

WEDNESDAY, August 1.

6 a.m.	79·3
10 a.m.	80·8
2 p.m.	82·7
4 p.m.	82·7

THE MAILS.

THE P. and O. Company have received a telegram stating that the s.s. Malwa, which left Bombay on the 24th July, arrived at Aden at 9 a.m. on the 1st August.

COLONEL FRED. BRINE, R. E., left yesterday afternoon for Poona.

THE s. s. Boskenna Bay, 2,300 tons, gross, which has been towed into Aden disabled by the breaking of her screw, left Bombay on July 18, bound for Hull with a cargo of wheat and seeds. She was loaded here by Messrs. Ralli Brothers. The s. s. Corinth, which towed her into Aden, left Bombay on the same day.

AT a meeting of the Town Council, yesterday, a letter was read from Mr. Monteath, Acting Under-Secretary to Government, stating that H. E. the Governor-in-Council considered it unnecessary, and as a precedent inexpedient, to furnish to the Town Council a copy of a despatch received from the Secretary of State for India relating to the memorial of the Corporation in regard to the retrenchment of Rs. 15,000 a year from the police contribution. Mr. Geary moved that the letter should be recorded with an expression of the Town Council's regret that the Government considered it unnecessary to supply the Town Council with a copy of the despatch, the principle involved being one of great importance to the Corporation, and one in which the Corporation took deep interest; also that the Town Council recorded the fact that it was in accordance with precedents that the Municipality should be furnished with copies of despatches from the Secretary of State relating to questions affecting the Municipality. Mr. Nowrozjee seconded the proposition. After some discussion the further consideration of the matter was deferred pending inquiries being made as to precedents. A long and tedious discussion took place in regard to the request of Mr. Cassum Hajee Metha that the Council should sanction the opening of a private market at Dadur-road. It was eventually decided to grant a temporary licence until Mr. Ollivant had returned. When the meeting adjourned, only eleven subjects out of a total of 36 on the agenda paper had been disposed of.

THE Acting Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Pinhey, sitting in the Appellate Court yesterday, confirmed the conviction by Mr. Alfred Keyser, District Magistrate of Kolaba, of Purshotum Keshaw Nene on a charge of carrying passengers without a licence from Bombay to Nagotna. He ran a small steamer from Carnac-bunder to Nagotna, situated at the head of a creek on the opposite side of the harbour, and in contravention of section 13 of Act II. of 1868 carried passengers at eight annas per head per trip. He was fined Rs. 90, which were directed to be handed over to Messrs. Shepherd and Co., who have the exclusive right of running a ferry from Bombay to Dharamtar in the Nagotna creek.

IT is reported from Secunderabad that it has been finally settled by the Council of Regency that H. H. the Nizam shall visit Calcutta in December next to be present at the great Exhibition proposed to be held by Mr. Joubert. The young Prince expressed a strong desire to go abroad and "see what was to be seen," and the Council have concurred in complying with his wishes. Intimation to this effect has been given to the Resident.

A MEETING of gentlemen willing to join the proposed Brigade of Naval Artillery Volunteers was to be held at the Port Office, Calcutta, on Monday afternoon, for the purpose of making the final arrangements for the formation of the corps. The uniform of the corps, even to the badge (a handsome device, surmounted by a lion rampant bearing a crown), has practically been decided upon, and is similar to that worn by the Royal Naval Artillery Volunteers at home except that the material to be used is white drill instead of blue serge. Mr. C. A. Mills is acting as Honorary Secretary of the proposed new corps.

THE Mussoorie paper records the death of Mr. Frederick Wilson, a well known *shikari*, after only a short illness.

IT is now stated that the Report of the Education Commission, though practically complete, requires so many finishing touches that work will go on in connection with it until the first week in September, although all the members on special duty will not remain in Simla until that date.

THE Government have replied to the recent representation of a number of ministers representing dissenting bodies on the subject of burial in parts of cemeteries consecrated according to the rites of the Church of England, by a Resolution amending the "Rules for the care and use of Government cemeteries." It will be remembered the memorialists urged that dissenting members of families owning vaults in Church of England burial grounds were precluded from being buried there with the service of the religious sects to which they had been attached. The amendment removes this disability, the rule on this point now reading as follows:—

"Rule VIII (1).—No burial can, as a general rule, take place in that part of a Government cemetery which has been set apart for the use of members of the Church of England, unless the service prescribed by that Church is read by the Chaplain, if there be one, or in his absence, by the layman who officiates at the funeral. But a person may be interred in the other portions of a Government cemetery with or without the use of any services of religion.

2. Where in that part of a Government cemetery which has been set apart for the use of members of the Church of England there is a family vault or grave, or a reserved plot of ground purchased by a member of the family, or a masonry grave prepared in immediate contiguity to such family vault or grave, or reserved plot, any deceased member of the family may, if the relative, friend, or legal representative having charge of the funeral arrangements shall so desire, be interred in such family vault, grave, or reserved plot without the performance of the service for the burial of the dead according to the rites of the Church of England.

3. The burial may take place, at the option of the person having charge of the same, either without any religious service or with such Christian and orderly religious service at the grave as such person shall think fit; and any person or persons who shall be thereunto invited, or be authorised by the person having charge of such burial, may conduct such service or take part in any religious act thereat," &c.

BURMAH is to have currency notes like the remainder of the Indian provinces. A notification appears in the *Gazette of India* constituting "the territories administered by the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah a Circle of Issue," with effect from 1st August, appointing the town of Rangoon to be the place of issue of currency notes for the said circle, and ordering the establishment of an Office of Issue in Rangoon. The Comptroller, British Burmah, for the time being, is to be the Commissioner of Paper Currency for Rangoon.

THE Bengal Asiatic Society have just issued a double number of the *Bibliotheca Indica*, which, the Allahabad paper remarks, will delight the hearts of Mr. Sinnett and his fellow-students of Esoteric Buddhism. "The number contains such serious matter for reflection as 'the Yoga Aphorisms of Patanjali with the commentary of Bhoja Raja,' but ordinary English readers, if such there be found, will be satisfied with the translation furnished by Dr. Rajendralala Mitra, and the long preface by the same scholarly writer. Dr. Mitra admits that 'it may shock European ideas of the present day to be told of metempsychosis; but,' he adds, 'between worldly life, purgatory, and eternal hell-fire or heaven on the one hand, and metempsychosis on the other, dispassionate and unsophisticated logic will readily yield the palm to the latter.' We may well leave unsophisticated logicians to argue this out: the mass of humanity are content to fall

> Upon the world's great altar stairs
> Which slope through darkness up to God,

without troubling their minds about metempsychosis or even eternal hell-fire."

TELEGRAPHIC communication has been completed and opened between Saigon and Bangkok, the rate from Singapore being 60 cents per word to either city. The line is under the control of French officials.

CAPTAIN A. J. LOFTUS, F. R. G. S., of the Siamese Royal Survey Department, who accompanied Commander Bellion and the French Government Survey Party in the early part of this year in their expedition to the isthmus of Kraw, to determine the practicability or otherwise of a ship canal through that isthmus, has published a pamphlet, with map of the district, and sections showing the depth required to be excavated in the high ground of the isthmus, proving clearly that the cost of cutting the canal will be so great as to render it for that and other reasons utterly impracticable.

THE French cruiser Chateau Renaud, 7 guns, 1,800 tons, passed Singapore on July 11 on her way to join the Tongking fleet under Rear Admiral Courbet. The Atalante, an ironclad, was expected a day or two later, also to join Admiral Courbet's fleet.

THE Spanish *canard* about the massacre of the Englishmen in North Borneo by natives, which was telegraphed out by Reuter and subsequently contradicted, has induced Governor Treacher to address the *Straits Times* on the improbability of such an occurrence and on the state of the Colony generally. The Governor, who, having been formerly British Consul-General in Borneo and Governor of Labuan, and having been connected with Borneo and Sulu for the past twelve years, speaks with the authority of considerable experience, says that "such a catastrophe is altogether beyond the bounds of possibility." He points out that North Borneo is not inhabited by any one powerful tribe, such as the Dyaks and Kayans of the southern portion of the island. We quote the following interesting passages from Governor Treacher's letter:—

The coast line of North Borneo is inhabited principally by Bajows and Sulus, not in any large numbers. The latter are chiefly immigrants who have, since the occupation of the country by the British Company, voluntarily come across, attracted by the reports of the wise Government and kindly consideration for native peculiarities of the English rulers. The Bajows of the West Coast are not the fierce sea-gipsies and cutthroats we read of in ancient works on Borneo. Long ago they left their floating habitations and settled down to a peaceable life ashore, only taking to the sea when an honest trading voyage is to be taken in hand. Their Chiefs are all well known personally to our officers, to whom they pay frequent informal and friendly visits. One of the most influential of them has recently removed his settlement to the near vicinity of Kudat, and is now a salaried officer of the Government. The interior tribes with whom we have as yet come in contact are unwarlike, few in number, unpossessed of firearms, speak many different dialects, and are too interested in their own petty intertribal blood feuds, handed down for ages, to combine for purposes either of war or peace. In several cases they have appealed to the Company's officers, and long-standing feuds have been put an end to for ever by their intervention. Far away as they are in the interior, we have as yet had no reason, as certainly we have no desire, to interfere in any manner with their mode of life and the rule of their old men, with which they seem perfectly contented. In conclusion, I may add that the operations of the renowned Sir James Brooke, the influence for good of the Government of the British Colony of Labuan, and the constant presence on the coast of Her Majesty's vessels now and during the past forty years, have rendered the civilizing task of the British North Borneo Company a comparatively easy one, and the occurrence of a rising amongst the natives an impossible eventuality.

MR. CONSUL PACKENHAM, the *Daily News* says, had been for twenty-one years British Consul at Tamatave. "Only two or three weeks have elapsed since he was gazetted Consul-General at Odessa, and it is therefore impossible that he could have heard of his promotion at the time of his death. It is the intention of the Government to appoint a Consul-General to reside at Tamatave, but the new office has not yet been filled up. As we stated some time ago, it is understood that Mr. Pickersgill, who is well acquainted with Madagascar, will be appointed Her Majesty's Vice-Consul at Antananarivo."

CETEWAYO, in writing to the Bishop of Natal on May 4, concerning the attacks made upon him by Hamu and Zibebu, says:—"Well! here now is Hamu's *impi* and Zibebu's attacking me on both sides and all round. And I keep quiet, while they and my people stab one another. But to-morrow it will be said to be my doing, whereas I have had nothing to do with it. And if I were to attack them in return, it would be said to be all my doing, whereas I for my part had been keeping quiet, while they were given authority to kill me."

ON the subject of the Suez Canal agitation, the writer of the *Pall Mall Gazette's* "City notes" on July 13 said:—It might be wished that the City men who are so eager to denounce the whole agreement made between M. de Lesseps and the English officials would look at the alternatives they suggest. First, they assert that the English Government ought to take more high-handed measures; tell the Canal Company it must put up with 10 per cent.; and threaten it with forcible expulsion if it objected. The damage which would so be done to commerce in the East, and therefore to British interests, would far more than outweigh any advantage to us by obtaining an exclusive hold on the Canal. Even if, as M. de Lesseps complains, the Republic might not support the company in opposition to any measures proposed by Great Britain, there would be a continual smouldering of animosity, destroying all confidence in the preservation of peace; and most commercial men know the essential part played by confidence, or the want of it, in the progress of all business. Secondly, they say we should do nothing rather than take the present steps, as if the making of a new Canal wholly by French means—for that is the probable alternative—could benefit English shipping."

MR. ALDERMAN LAWRENCE, M.P., has given notice that on the occasion of the introduction of the scheme of sixpenny telegrams, he will move that it is not expedient, in order to reduce the minimum price to sixpence, to increase the present tariff for twenty words and upwards, as would be the case under the proposed scheme. He will also move that it is not expedient to charge for the number of words in the addresses either of the receivers or senders. He intends to move the following as an alternative scheme:—"That addresses be considered of the value of 2d., that eight words at ½d. each would be 4d., and that 2d. added to 4d. would be 6d." His proposition is this: Eight words, 6d.; twelve words, 8d.; sixteen words, 10d.; twenty words, 1s.; twenty-four words, 1s. 2d.; twenty-eight words, 1s. 4d.; and thirty words, 1s. 6d.

ON June 5, near the village of Melzei, which is half-way between Constantinople and Ismidt, a band of brigands seized and carried off Alexandre Corpi, a rich Galata banker. They asked £6,000 for his ransom.

THE London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* states that "the Benchers of Gray's Inn have disbarred Mr. Foster Reed, a member of that Society, after inquiry into the money-lending case which was referred to them by Mr. Justice Stephen. Since the disbarring of Dr. Kenealy the Benchers have not taken the extreme decision. It is a remarkable fact that Mr. Foster Reed was originally a policeman, and had by his own energies worked himself into the highest profession of the law."

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT H. E. IRWIN, Adjutant of the 2nd Battalion Royal Warwickshire Regiment, stationed in Fort William, left Calcutta on the 27th July on sick leave to England. He had only just returned to the battalion from three months' leave in the Madras Presidency.

THE 14th Madras Native Infantry at Dorunda is to be sent back to its own Presidency, the garrison duties at that station being taken by a half-battalion of Bengal Native Infantry from Alipore, in relief of the Madras regiment.

Two transport depôts for training and instruction in the Bengal Presidency, with the necessary native establishments have been sanctioned for Meerut and Mian Meer.

THE 1st and 3rd Punjab Volunteer Rifle Corps have been invited to take part in the manœuvres to be held at Mian Meer, in December.

THE next course of army signalling at Kasauli will be attended by the following officers, *viz.*, Captain E. H. C. Braddon, Border Regiment, A.-D.-C.; Captain A. W. Brooke, 17th B. N. I.; Lieutenants J. F. Wortledge, 7th B. N. I.; P. A. Buckland, 15th Sikhs; and E. J. Medley, 3rd B. C.; Captain A. De V. Alexander, 4th B. C.; Lieutenant E. A. Gossett, 2nd Battalion Derbyshire Regiment; Lieutenant F. W. Duff, 9th Lancers; Captain L. Griffiths, 1st Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers; and one officer from each of the battalions of the West Riding (D. W.'s), Cheshire, South Lancashire, and Wiltshire Regiments now serving in Upper India. The officers abovementioned will assemble at Kasauli about the 15th of August, on the termination of the course of instruction in signalling now proceeding.

A GERMAN gentleman writes to an up-country paper:—"With reference to a paragraph in your columns notifying the appointment of an English Militia officer to the Prussian Army it is by no means a rare occurrence to find your countrymen serving as officers in the German army. In almost every regiment there is an English officer, and some of them did good service in 1870-71. Mrs. Benfield, the widow of a British officer, who was killed in the Crimea, made Munich her place of residence in order to give her children a good and cheap education. Her eldest son became a Lieutenant in the Guards. In 1870 he stormed with the 40 men he was commanding a church occupied by two companies of Frenchmen who had placed a 9-centimeter gun before the altar. With his 40 Bavarian guardsmen he succeeded in taking the gun and 500 prisoners. For this feat he received the Iron Cross. I also know two Englishmen who are in the fourth Field Artillery at Augsburg."

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, July 31.—The pressure has given way everywhere. The fall is slight in the south, but considerable in the north, owing to small barometric disturbances, one lying over Bengal, another near Peshawur, and a third near Jacobabad. The depressions in the north-west, by drawing the wind into south-west in that region, render rain more probable; but over the whole country north of Goa and west of Behar there has as yet been no rain of importance. The Bengal disturbance has brought heavy rain. The air is becoming moister in the Punjab and Bombay. Rain to-day:—Akyab, 7 inches; Burdwan, 4 inches; Saugor Island, 3 inches; Dacca, Calcutta, and Toungoo, 2 inches; Salem, 1 inch; Sibsagar, Patna, Hazaribagh, and Madura, ½ inch. Previously, Hazaribagh had 3½ inches; Nani Tal, Fyzabad, Dinagepore, and Gya, 1 inch; Jaunpore, Nowgong, and Cochin, ½ inch.

EGUTPOORA.—Seventy-five inches of rain had fallen at Egutpoora up to Tuesday evening, the 31st July.

CROP AND WEATHER REPORTS.

THE following is the official summary of the reports of the Agricultural Department on the state of the weather and prospects of the crops throughout India for the week ended on July 24:—

Although a general break in the rains seems now to have set in, yet during the early part of the week to which the reports relate good rain fell throughout India, except in some districts of the Punjab. In Bombay the fall was heavy along the Western Ghats, but some deficiency is reported, in parts of the Southern Mahratta Country. In Baroda and Surat the excessive rainfall of previous weeks has been succeeded by light showers. A break would be beneficial in parts of Central India. In Rajputana the rainfall has been light, but favourable: and the tanks have generally a sufficiency of water, except in Marwar, where they are empty. In Burma the rainfall, though below average, has been generally sufficient. Good rain has fallen all over Bengal; at Burdwan the fall was exceptionally heavy, but in some parts of that district and in Rajshahye, Rungpur, and Purneah, more is needed for transplanting of rice. Rain continues to hold off in Gaughatti; elsewhere in Assam the fall has been sufficient. Seasonable weather prevails over the Central Provinces, and prospects there are very favourable. In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh ample rain fell in all reporting districts up to the 24th instant, and the crops are reported to be doing well. In the Punjab the fall has been very partial, and more rain is much wanted in several districts. Harvesting continues in the Madras Presidency, and standing crops are generally in good condition, except in parts of Coimbatore and Tanjore, where they are suffering from want of rain. Sowings for the kharif have nearly been completed in the Bombay Presidency, Central India, and the Central Provinces, and are in full progress in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Punjab. The cotton crop is being weeded in the Central Provinces and Berars, and promises well. Transplanting of rice is being pushed on in Bengal and Assam. In the former province harvesting of early rice and jute continues, and indigo manufacture has been commenced. Ploughing is nearly finished in Burma, and rice seedling are being transplanted. The crops in the Deccan are seriously threatened by locusts. Cattle-disease is reported from most districts. Cholera appears to be prevalent in Bombay, the Central Provinces, and parts of Bengal; and a severe epidemic is said to exist in the city of Agar in Central India. Prices are fluctuating.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

July.	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Byculla In. cts.
Previously regtd.	53 95	56 87	54 7	60 43
31 Tuesday	0 03	....	....	....
August. 1 Wednesday	....	0 03	0 10	0 10
Total	53 98	56 90	54 17	60 53
Corresponding date last year	54 61	64 69	62 45	64 01

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort, Esplanade, and Byculla are made up to 6 p. m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

(1ST AUGUST, 1883.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast and Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office:—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a. m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea level.	Thermo. in shade. Reading at 10 a.m.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Mean Velocity.	Rain fall.
	Ins.	Dgs.		Miles.	Ins.
Kurrachee	29·548	82·5	W	32	0·00
Surat	·698	84·1	S W	29	0·00
Bombay	·769	80·8	S W	19	0·05
Rutnagherry	·801	78·3	S W	11	0·30
Karwar	·831	81·1	W moderate	..	0·36
Mangalore	·884	80·4	Calm	1	0·07
Calicut	·870	78·6	N N W	12	0·00
Cochin	·831	82·1	N W	2	0·00
Masulipatam	·694	88·8	N W	7	0·00
Madras	·749	89·3	W S W	8	0·00
Negapatam	·741	88·9	S W	3	0·00

SURAT FLOOD RELIEF FUND, 1883.

THE following sums have been paid to the credit of the above fund account to date:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Amount previously acknowledged	75,752	7	6
Amounts paid on the 31st ultimo—			
On account of Mr. Vundravandas Jumnadas.	501	0	0
Her Highness the Maharani Saheb of Dewas, Senior Branch	100	0	0
Mr. Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Eyechi	15	0	0
Bai Goolbai Manockjee Mody	10	0	0
Mr. Muncherjee Manockjee Edulmama	10	0	0
„ Goostadjee Cooverjee Doteewalla	10	0	0
„ Behramjee Cooverjee Doteewalla	10	0	0
Yezdanparast	10	0	0
Bai Mehrbai Merwanjee	5	0	0
Mr. Lukhmidass Runchoredass	5	0	0
„ Bahmanjee Jevajee Bharoocha	5	0	0
Total .. Rs.	76,433	7	6

Subscribers to the fund and the public are requested to pay their subscriptions to the Bank of Bombay.

NOWROZJEE FURDOONJEE,
DAMODERDAS TAPIDAS,
SHANTARAM NARAYEN,
VIJBHOOCANDAS ATMARAM,
Honorary Secretaries.

Bombay, 1st August, 1883.

THE reason why so many are unable to take Cocoa is, that the varieties commonly sold are mixed with starch, under the plea of rendering them soluble; while really making them *thick, heavy, indigestible.* This may be easily detected, *for if Cocoa thickens in the cup, it proves the addition of starch.* Cadbury's Cocoa Essence is genuine; it is therefore three times the strength of these Cocoas, and a refreshing beverage like tea or coffee. The most wholesome and nutritious of confections is far less consumed than it would were it not for the greatly adulterated articles sold under the name of chocolate. Every cake of Chocolate bearing the name of Cadbury is guaranteed to consist solely of pure Cocoa and white sugar. Makers to the Queen.

THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT AND THE CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It was with feelings of shame and regret that I read in your paper of Saturday that the Bombay Government had contributed Rs. 1,000 only to the expenses of the Bombay Committee for the Calcutta Exhibition. Well might the worthy chairman with characteristic national caution tell the committee that "the Government had contributed Rs. 1,000, and that would be a guide to other people as to what they should give." I paraphrase these words thus:—The Government of Bombay are throwing cold water on the Calcutta Exhibition, and as dutiful Bombay citizens, we cannot be expected to do otherwise.

But, sir, as a citizen of Bombay, resident for many years in the Presidency, I feel ashamed of this meanness and parsimony, and I regret exceedingly that this Government shows so plainly what a small estimate they have of the importance of such an Exhibition as that of Calcutta—as an International Exhibition and the first held in India—to the commercial interests of the country.

I understand that the various Australasian colonies have been officially informed of the intended Exhibition, and have willingly and cheerfully responded. The Government of that tight little island, Tasmania, has, I believe, contributed £100 towards sending exhibits, and our Bombay Government has expressed its willingness to contribute less than that sum, viz., Rs. 1,000. Such a contrast is too, too ridiculous!

Why, the Anglo-Indian Mill of Bombay offered a reward the other day of Rs. 5,000 to catch a defaulting accountant, and our Bombay Government actually offers Rs. 1,000 towards the Calcutta Exhibition, when the great object of the Exhibition is to encourage trade by placing the products of different and distant countries in juxtaposition, and thus showing to the public of Bengal and their visitors the manifold advantages of peace, free trade, and unrestricted commercial intercourse between India and India's Metropolis, Calcutta, and the rest of the world.

If the Bombay Government had started the subscription list with Rs. 1,00,000, or even Rs. 1,50,000, the latter sum being the amount—if my memory serves me aright—which a late Bombay Government expended on furniture for Government House at Gunnesh Khind, the public would have followed liberally, and the keenest native patriot would not have begrudged a pice of the money. But had they done more than this, and granted a lakh or a lakh and a half in addition, to be used in giving free passes by rail, and the requisite subsistence money to 500 or 1,000 of the most deserving but poor scholars of the schools of this Presidency, without respect to caste, creed, or colour, that they might visit the exhibition, then they would have risen to the greatness of the occasion, and have done an incalculable amount of good. It would have been a generous and enlightened stroke of policy, and it would have done much to ease the strain which every despotic government especially, and every other government for that matter, imposes from its very nature on the governed. It would have been sowing good seed broadcast, educationally and politically—seed that would have yielded a hundredfold in these youthful hearts, and in the bosoms of their friends and acquaintances, and created by a little liberal forethought that sense of thankful feeling towards, and respect for, the Government which is so invaluable in a community. Such an act, would also have vindicated the Government's right to be called a paternal Government; and at the present time it behoves the various Indian Governments to cherish the ma-bap principle. But this subject is too large to be discussed in a letter.

What answer the people of this Presidency will give to the call for subscriptions, and to the pressure to send exhibits, is still to be seen, but it is to be hoped, for the credit of Bombay, that they will show themselves more liberal than the Government, and rise to the height of the occasion, always remembering that a World's Fair at Bombay was very freely talked of before the Share Mania, and will be certain to come off some day, whether I be here to see it or not. And we shall certainly hope that the millions of Bengal will be largely represented at it.

In conclusion, I beg to suggest to the Bombay Committee that they should call for tenders for a photograph of the members of the Bombay Government on one sheet, for which space should be reserved in a conspicuous place in the Bombay Court of the Calcutta Exhibition. The combined photographs might appropriately be enclosed in an artistic wreath of mowra leaves, flowers, and fruits, and price Rs. 1,000 might be added at the bottom.

THOMAS LIDBETTER.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.—AUGUST 1.

(Before Mr. N. SPENCER, Acting First Judge.)

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY *vs.* W. MOYLAN.

THIS was a suit to recover Rs. 912-3-8, amount of passage money of the defendant's wife and son, who arrived from London on the 2nd ultimo in the company's steamer Malwa.

Mr. Smith, of the firm of Messrs. Smith and Frere, appeared for the plaintiffs. There was no appearance for the defence.

The claim having been proved, his honour passed a verdict for the plaintiffs for the amount.

BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURES.

THE following correspondence has been placed at our disposal:—

Bombay, 4th July, 1883.

J. Gordon, Esq., Secretary, Bombay Millowners Association.

Dear Sir,—I beg to bring to the notice of the Millowners' Association what I consider to be a very serious matter, and to request that the subject may be brought before the Committee at as early a period as possible.

I refer to the large stock of piece-goods in Bombay. For the last few years it has been found that the whole of the production could not be disposed of, and there has, at the end of each year, been a balance of about 30,000 bales in stock.

It is found more difficult every year to clear our accumulating stock, and unless some steps are taken to open up new markets, I fear we shall have to stop working a large number of the looms at present at work.

I would therefore suggest for the serious consideration of the Committee, whether it would not be worth their while to send out a representative to the commercial ports of Burmah, Siam, China, Japan, Arabia, Persia, Turkey, Zanzibar, Mozambique, and other places, whence he could, on his arrival at each place, report the actual imports, and send samples of English coarse yarn and piece-goods (especially piece-goods) which are in favour there, and also furnish all other information connected with the trade at these places.

Our yearly production amounts to about a lac of bales, and the consumption of English coarse goods at the different foreign ports mentioned is estimated at twice or thrice the quantity we produce. If we can get a footing in these markets for Bombay-made goods, we should not only be able to avoid accumulating stocks, but it would give an impetus to our production.

The Association must be well aware that had it not been for the opening up of the China and Japan markets for our yarn, we should have had as much difficulty in disposing of our yarn as we now have of our piece-goods, whereas we have no stock of yarn on hand.

To show the Association that there are new fields open to us if we only take the necessary steps to make goods suitable for the markets, I append herewith a statement showing the imports into Shanghai of the coarse piece-goods which can be made here for five and a half months commencing on the 3rd January and ending on the [illegible] last from which it will be seen that the [illegible] imports were as follows, viz:—

T. Cloths and Mexicans 6 to 8½ lbs.:—

For Local Consumption	44,815	Pieces.
Deliveries for Re-export	730,861	„
Estimated Sales	382,680	„

DRILLS, JEANS, AND SHEETINGS.

For Local Consumption	17,385	Pieces.
Deliveries for Re-export	126,164	„
Estimated Sales	359,630	„

I therefore beg to suggest that a copy of this letter be circulated amongst the Committee of the Association, and that a meeting of the Committee be convened at an early date to discuss this very important matter, and decide as to what steps should be taken to gain a footing in the foreign markets I have named.

(Sd.) DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE.

[illegible]NTLEMEN,—I am directed to annex, for your [illegible]rmation, copy of a letter addressed to the Mill[illegible]ers' Association by Mr. Damodher Thackersey [illegible]ljee, suggesting whether it would not be worth [illegible]e sending out a representative to the commer[illegible] ports of Burmah, Arabia and other places, [illegible]nce he could, on his arrival at each place, [illegible]ort the actual imports, and send samples of [illegible]glish coarse yarn and piece-goods (especially [illegible]ce-goods) which are in favour there, and also [illegible]nish all other information connected with the [illegible]de of these places.

The Committee, having carefully considered this [illegible]portant proposal, cordially approve of it, as they [illegible]nk that it will be attended with great benefit to [illegible] industry; but, as the expense which it involves [illegible] be heavy, they propose, at present, sending a [illegible]resentative only to Arabia, Zanzibar, the Cape [illegible] Good Hope, Natal, Persia, Turkey in Asia, [illegible]ypt, the Levant, or any other place or places, in [illegible]t direction, that may seem advisable. The expense of sending a travelling Agent, with an assistant, to these countries will, it is estimated, amount to Rs. 12,000 per annum.

The Committee have decided to call a Special General Meeting of the Members of the Association for the purpose of laying the scheme before them; and, if it should be adopted, they recommend that the estimated expense of Rs. 12,000 per annum be raised by a contribution from each millowner of Re. 1 per 100 spindles, and of 4 annas per loom.

The Committee desire to point out that not only will the proposed scheme be very advantageous to weaving mills, but that spinning mills also will equally benefit by it. If the looms are fully employed, there will be so much less yarn for sale in the market.

Millowners who are not members of the Association will be invited to attend the Special General Meeting, and to co-operate in establishing the scheme, which, the Committee hope, will receive your serious consideration.

(Sd.) JOHN GORDON, Secretary.
Bombay Millowners' Association.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed." Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

BOMBAY TOWN COUNCIL.

A MEETING of the Town Council was held in the Municipal Offices yesterday, when the following members attended:—Sir Frank Souter (in the chair), Colonel Merewether, Captain Morland, Mr. Peterson, Dr. Blanc, Mr. Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, Mr. Sayani, Mr. Raghunath N. Khote, and Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee.

A letter was submitted from the Acting Municipal Commissioner, reporting that he had accepted Mr. Rahimtula Bhaijibhoy's tender, amounting to Rs. 4,539, for laying water-mains in Gibbs' and Cumballa Hill-roads.

Dr. Blanc complained that several roads were closed for months and months together while water-mains were being laid, and that people had for a length of time to pass through dirt and mud that would not be tolerated in any other city for a week. There seemed to be a screw loose somewhere. He suggested that it should be placed on record that it was desirable that the contractor for laying the mains in Gibbs' and Cumballa Hill-roads should carry on the work as rapidly as possible.

The Commissioner remarked that the state of affairs of which Dr. Blanc had complained was attributable to a faulty system. To remedy it would involve giving the officers and engineers the power of spending a sum of money on their own responsibility. Coolies could not be engaged unless they were paid every evening for their day's labour.

Eventually the Council agreed to the following resolution on the subject:—"That before any roads are broken up for the laying of water-pipes or the construction of drainage, measures be taken for having all the necessary plant, &c., on the spot, or for such other measures as may be necessary, so that the undue delays that have occurred in regard to the streets broken up for the laying of new water-mains be avoided."

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE TOWN COUNCIL.

A letter was read from Mr. Acting Under-Secretary Monteath, No. 2655, General Department, dated 27th instant, to the Chairman, stating (with reference to the Council's resolution No. 772 of 11th idem, asking Government to favour the Municipality with a copy of despatch received from H. I. M. Secretary of State for India, so far as it relates to the memorial of the Corporation in regard to the retrenchment of Rs. 15,000 a year from the police contribution) that H. E. the Governor-in-Council considers it unnecessary, and as a precedent inexpedient, to furnish a copy of the despatch in question.

Mr. Geary moved that the letter be recorded with an expression of the Town Council's regret that His Excellency the Governor-in-Council considered it unnecessary to supply the Town Council with a copy of a document relating to the disposal of certain funds belonging to the Corporation, the principle involved being one of great importance to the Corporation, and one in which the Corporation had taken deep interest. Mr. Geary remarked that he thought it was due to the Town Council to give an expression of its regret that the Government had come to the conclusion mentioned in the letter.

Mr. Nowrozjee seconded the proposition, and said there were precedents of the Government having supplied the Corporation with copies of despatches from the Secretary of State.

Mr. Peterson supported the proposition.

The Chairman said he thought that the precedents which Mr. Nowrozjee had mentioned related to cases where the Government had voluntarily supplied copies of despatches. He did not remember any instance of the Corporation or the Town Council having previously applied for copies of despatches. The Government had generally exercised their discretion.

Mr. Geary asked Mr. Nowrozjee if he remembered any precedents.

Mr. Nowrozjee replied that there did exist instances of the Government having furnished copies of despatches without being requested to do so.

Mr. Peterson suggested that an addition should be made to Mr. Geary's proposition to the effect that it was in accordance with precedents for copies of despatches to be furnished to the Municipality.

Dr. Blanc.—Supposing there are no precedents?

Mr. Peterson.—We shall take Mr. Nowrozjee's word for it.

Mr. Geary then made the following addition to his resolution:—"The Town Council also record the fact that it is in accordance with precedents that the Municipality should be furnished with copies of despatches of the Secretary of State relating to questions affecting the Municipality."

The Chairman said he could not remember a single instance of the Corporation or Town Council having applied to Government for a copy of a despatch which had not been furnished. Therefore he thought there was no precedent.

Mr. Peterson remarked that if it were in accordance with the practice of the Government, as appeared from Mr. Nowrozjee's remarks, to furnish copies of despatches, it would not be creating a precedent to furnish a copy on the present occasion.

After some further discussion it was decided to defer the further consideration of the matter for a week, in order that Mr. Barrow (the Secretary) might have an opportunity of looking up precedents.

THE MUNICIPAL CASE.

The Town Council next proceeded with the further consideration of papers in the case of Moolibai *vs.* the Municipal Commissioner.

Mr. Nowrozjee thought that their position would be, perhaps, further strengthened if they could be furnished with the proceedings in the case. He, therefore, proposed that the matter might be allowed to stand over for a fortnight.

The Council agreed to Mr. Nowrozjee's proposition.

PROPOSAL TO OPEN A PRIVATE MARKET.

The Council further considered a letter, dated the 12th ultimo, from Mr. John Hewson, Assoc. M. I. C. E., forwarding correspondence between the Municipal Commissioner and himself, on behalf of, and under a power of attorney from, Mr. Cassum Hadjee Metha, relative to the opening of a private market at No. 88, Dadur-road; requesting the Town Council to sanction the opening of the market, as the building had been completed for six months, and that, owing to the delay in the licencing, the owner had lost Rs. 1,000; suggesting, if the Acting Municipal Commissioner wished the matter to be delayed till Mr. Ollivant's return, that a temporary licence might be granted.

Mr. Dosabhoy said he strongly objected to the Town Council carrying on any correspondence with persons holding powers of attorney from others.

Mr. Barrow, the Secretary, said that a power of attorney, held by one person from another was considered sufficient for the Council to deal with similar cases.

Mr. Dosabhoy said it was below the dignity of the Town Council to enter into a controversy with such persons.

Mr. Peterson said they should act in the present case, as they must in all others, according to the law of the land.

Mr. Nowrozjee said that if the Council were satisfied that the gentleman in the present case held a good power of attorney, he (Mr. Nowrozjee) saw no reason why they should open direct communication with Hajee Cassum. The market having been completed several months back, the owner had suffered a loss in consequence of the Municipality having refused him a licence for opening it.

The Chairman did not think Mr. Dosabhoy could throw aside the document granting a power of attorney to Mr. Hewson.

Mr. Khote also saw nothing wrong in legally qualified persons representing others.

After some further discussion, Mr. Peterson asked the Chairman to take the sense of the meeting as to whether the power of attorney should be accepted in this case.

The Chairman said that all were agreed as to that point, except Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee.

Mr. Dosabhoy then said that the opening of markets by private individuals was very objectionable in many respects. There was no sufficient protection against selling unwholesome articles in such markets. The markets were a source of great annoyance, trouble, and vexation to the Municipality; and the Municipality had also to entertain an establishment for the purpose of looking after them.

Mr. Nowrozjee said that the cost of supervising [illegible] markets was met out of the fees levied from [illegible] owners, and added that a private individual might with advantage be allowed to open a market at his own risk.

Mr. Khote.—This is going to be another Mulibai case, and I warn you against it. (Laughter.)

Mr. Dosabhoy hoped that the Council would not allow itself always to be scared away from their purpose by that phantom. (Laughter.) They would be able to do nothing if they always had Mulibai on their brains. (Order.)

Mr. Khote urged that permission having been given to build the market under certain conditions, the owner had done the work. It was the duty of the Municipal Commissioner to have, in the first place, asked for the sanction of the Town Council. But if the Commissioner had taken it upon himself to grant the permission it would now be very hard upon the owner if the Council were to withhold their sanction under section 241.

The Commissioner contended that no sanction was given to build a market.

The Chairman said he would have the matter postponed until the return of Mr. Ollivant, who knew all about the case.

In the course of discussion, Mr. Sayani said it appeared to him that from the first there had been some misapprehension between the Municipality and the owner of the market. He thought that the Municipal officers were first under the impression that it was an ordinary application for a building, and had probably overlooked the paragraph in Mr. Hewson's letter which had a reference to section 241 of the Act. Subsequently the Municipal Commissioner, who was always anxious to act fairly in every case, informed Mr. Cassum that as a municipal public market would eventually be opened at Dadur, he would only grant the application of Mr. Cassum under certain conditions, Mr. Cassum Hadjee having built the market and agreed to the conditions, it would not be proper for the Council to withhold their sanction. Mr. Sayani then proposed that the Town Council does not think it desirable to sanction at present the establishment of a private market at Dadur as applied for, but that the Town Council will have no objection to the place being used as shops for the sale of meat and other articles until Mr. Ollivant's return to Bombay, provided that it is distinctly understood that the present resolution is not to be in any manner prejudicial to the rights of the Town Council under section 241, with reference to the building in question at Dadur.

Mr. Banajee seconded the proposition.

The Commissioner said there was no evidence that the parties had agreed to some such conditions as had been put forward.

Dr. Blanc thought that private enterprise should be supported in this country. He did not see why a private market should not sell wholesome articles and be a convenience to the neighbourhood. Dr. Blanc proposed that "Hajee Cassum Metha be allowed to open the market as a temporary measure, the final decision in the case to be left open until Mr. Ollivant's return; and that the sanction now given is to be taken as a temporary one only, without prejudice to either party."

Mr. Dosabhoy proposed the following amendment:—"That the consideration of the question of licensing Mr. Cassum Hajee Metha's building as a private market be postponed till after Mr. Ollivant's return." Mr. Dosabhoy said that Mr. Hewson had with considerable ingenuity tried to have his application sanctioned by a sidewind. If their own municipal officers made a mistake in dealing with any party, the Council should not, on that account, allow itself to be frightened into taking the side of private individuals. But far from condoning the faults of their officers in this manner, the Council must always stand upon their rights.

Mr. Khote pointed out that sanction was given to the establishment of a private market in Cheera Bazaar in 1879 on the proposition of the Rao Saheb V. N. Mundlik, seconded by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee. (Laughter.)

The Commissioner.—That was an old market.

Mr. Khote.—So is this market.

Mr. Geary said he had no objection to second Dr. Blanc's amendment. He did not suppose that any one required sanction for building a shop from the Town Council, and he thought they might assume that some sort of market had been in existence on the spot for many years, the only change being that it had been made a very good market. If that were so it was not fair to place Mr. Cassum in a worse position than he was in before he improved the market. The Town Council should not do anything that would prejudice his interest; and it would be prejudicial to his interests to wait until Mr. Ollivant had returned. If he were willing to enter into an agreement to open the market as a temporary measure until Mr. Ollivant's return, it would prevent the Town Council from committing themselves to any step. In the meantime he agreed with Mr. Dosabhoy that they should be very careful about heedlessly or wantonly trenching upon private rights, and that they should regard them as their own rights. They must not prejudice the rights either of Mr. Cassum or the Municipality.

The Acting Commissioner remarked that if they once granted the licence they could only obtain control over the market by purchasing it.

Mr. Peterson remarked that if they could legally grant sanction on certain conditions, it would be the better course to adopt.

Mr. Dosabhoy quoted from a section of the Municipal Act which stated that no new private market could be opened if, in the opinion of the Town Council, it was unfit by reasons of construction or management for the purposes of a market. He asked if there was any evidence before the Town Council that the building was fit for use as a private market. The passing of such a resolution as had been proposed would, he said, embarrass the Town Council.

The Chairman suggested that whatever decision might be come to, the Commissioner should be authorised to obtain the opinion of the solicitors to the Municipality as to whether it would be open for them to withdraw the privilege after a certain time.

The Commissioner said he would not take any responsibility in the matter. If the duty of sanctioning rested with the Town Council, it was obviously their duty to satisfy themselves of the suitability of the place proposed to be used as a private market.

Dr. Blanc.—Oh, no; that would be monstrous.

Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee then proposed the following amendment:—"That before the Town Council give their sanction to the opening of the proposed market at Dadur, the opinions of the Acting Municipal Commissioner and the Acting Health Officer be taken as to whether the building in question is so constructed as to allow its being used as a private market.

This amendment was not seconded. Dr. Blanc's proposition was then put to the meeting and carried, the only vote recorded against it being that of Mr. Dosabhoy.

BUDGET TRANSFERS.

A memorandum from the Acting Municipal Commissioner was submitted, forwarding a letter from the solicitors to the Municipality regarding the power of the Council to make transfers from one budget head of expenditure to another.

The solicitors in their letter stated that the authority given to the Town Council by section 38 to make transfers was limited to transfers of "moneys assigned under one head of expenditure in the estimate to another head." They did not, therefore, think it would be competent to the Town Council to make a transfer to a head of expenditure not provided for or contemplated at all in the budget; for that would in reality be equivalent to their sanctioning the payment of money under a head of expenditure which had never been before the Corporation.

The letter was ordered to be recorded.

THE PROGRESS OF BUSINESS.

Mr. Nowrojee pointed out that they had only disposed of eleven subjects at that meeting out of a very large number, and he therefore proposed that an extra meeting of the Council should be held for the purpose of disposing of the remaining business on the agenda paper.

Mr. Dosabhoy.—Does nobody second that?

Mr. Peterson.—I second it.

Mr. Sayani.—I would move that no member be allowed to speak for more than ten minutes without the special permission of the rest of the members. (Hear, hear.)

The Chairman.—A very good proposition. I will second that.

Mr. Geary.—Nor more than twice on the same subject. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Dosabhoy.—I propose that the Town Council should not adjourn until after the disposal of all the business. (Laughter.)

Dr. Blanc.—I vote that we adjourn now. (Laughter.)

Mr. Khote.—I beg to second Mr. Dosabhoy's proposition.

Several members then left their seats, and Mr. Nowrojee asked—What becomes, Mr. Chairman, of my proposition? (A laugh).

Mr. M. N. Banajee.—There is no chairman. (Laughter.)

The members then left the room.

BOMBAY.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Ross Roch (s), from Port Said; Bancoora (s), Calcutta; Olthona, Liverpool; Shah Jehan, Port Louis.
VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Manilla (s), for Genoa, &c.; Malacca (s), Zanzibar; Merton Hall (s) and Armenia (s), Liverpool; Booldana (s), Calcutta, &c.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Bertha left the dock on Tuesday; the s. s. Gwalior and Cascapedia entered, and the s. s. Armenia, Merton Hall, and Manilla left, it yesterday.

FOOTBALL.—A football match will be played this evening, at 5-30, wet or dry, on the Cooperage ground, between the Grant Medical College and G. I. P. Railway Football teams.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The approximate return of traffic for the week ending 28th July shows a decrease of Rs. 28,137 as compared with the returns for the corresponding week of last year.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.—The statement of traffic for the week ending 28th July shows a decrease of Rs. 67,443 as compared with the corresponding week of last year.

THEFT ON BOARDSHIP.—John Schneider, steward of the steamship Inchrhona, reported to the police on Tuesday last the theft from his cabin of a silver lever watch, with a silver chain attached, valued at Rs. 57.

SEAMEN DESERTERS.—Inspector Cobb yesterday arrested two Europeans named Peterson and Anderson, articled seamen of the steamship Cascapedia, but who had deserted that vessel. The police officer placed them on board their ship, and received the usual reward of Rs. 10 per man.

A YOUNG THIEF.—A Mahomedan lad named Mahomed Noor Mahomed, aged ten years, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, upon two separate charges, of the theft of four skull-caps and a knife, the property of two persons. He was ordered to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Sonapore Hindoo burning-ground, on the body of Balloo Sujana, aged forty years. Deceased, it appears, had been suffering for the last four years from some internal complaint. He died suddenly. The verdict was that the death of the deceased was caused by heart-disease.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Dookar Gully, on the body of Gunputrao Atmaram, aged seven years. Deceased died from the effects of injuries he sustained on Sunday last by an accidental fall out of a window on the second storey of his house on to the public thoroughfare. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.—This Company has advertised the [illegible] of the share list, and has fixed Saturday the 11th inst., as the last day on which [illegible] will be received. We hear applications for [illegible] number of shares that applications for a [illegible] from London, have been applied for by [illegible] and that the share list is filling [illegible].

CRICKET.—The Honorary Se[illegible] Bombay Gymkhana, requests us [illegible] cricket match arranged for to-m[illegible] Bombay Gymkhana and an ele[illegible] gentlemen of the P. and O. Serv[illegible] poned, the visitors being unable [illegible] but at some future date it is ho[illegible] be arranged.

ASSESSMENT APPEAL.—In the appeal of Mr. Muncherjee Bomanjee Punthy against the enhancing of the assessment of his property situated in Girgaum, an application was made before Mr. Cooper, sitting as Revenue Judge, at the Fort Police Court, yesterday, to have the matter postponed *sine die*, pending the decision in a High Court case of a similar nature. The application was granted.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.—Bhicka Ramjee, a domestic servant in the employ of Ramjee Yessoo, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of criminal breach of trust in respect of a goat, valued at Rs. 6, the property of his master. The prisoner had been entrusted with the goat in question, but disposed of it, and appropriated the proceeds. He was sentenced to [illegible] days' rigorous imprisonment, and to pay a fine of Rs. 5, or in default to undergo a further term of seven days' imprisonment.

CHOLERA AT MAHIM.—A correspondent writes:—"Six cases of cholera have occurred within the last two days at Lower Mahim, three of which proved fatal. Dr. P. C. D'Souza, the representative of this ward in the Municipal Corporation, inspected the bazaar on Tuesday evening, and ordered the immediate removal of a large quantity of putrid fish which was exposed for sale. A large Hindoo religious procession took place last night at 9 o'clock. A few goats and several cocks were offered to propitiate their deity to avert the epidemic."

FRAUDULENT TRADESMEN.—Hussein Mahomed Futtoo and thirteen other butchers, retail dealers in beef and mutton having stalls at the Arthur Crawford and the Fort markets, and a Parsee grocer named Cursetjee Bhicajee, having a stall at the Fort market, were charged yesterday, at the instance of Superintendent Crummey and Inspector Collett, before Mr. P. Ryan, with having in their possession false weights and scales. They were all convicted, and fined in sums varying from Rs. 50 to Rs. 5. The magistrate ordered the false scales and weights produced in court to be destroyed.

FURIOUS DRIVING.—Yesterday Inspector Collett appeared before Mr. P. Ryan and obtained a summons against Mr. Hormusjee Nusserwanjee, of the firm of Messrs. Bomonjee and Hormusjee, solicitors, charging him with driving his vehicle in a rash and negligent manner on Tuesday evening last, in the road near the Wellington Fountain. The summons was made returnable on the 7th instant.—Baboo Gopal, a coachman, was yesterday charged, at the instance of Inspector Jones, before Mr. P. Ryan, with driving his vehicle in a rash and negligent manner, on the previous evening, at Carnac-road. The accused in his defence pleaded that his horse shied at a leaf falling off a tree, and bolted. He was convicted, and fined Rs. 25.—Govind Succaram, a coachman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of driving his vehicle in a rash and negligent manner, on the evening previous at Mahaluximee, on the Breach Candy-road. He was fined Rs. 10.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT ON THE ESPLANADE.—Since Tuesday evening, the Esplanade facing the General Post Office up to the Wellington Fountain has been lighted with the electric light. Three single lamps have been placed at intervals along the extreme western railing of Rotten Row, the effect of which is to illuminate not only Rotten Row itself, but the whole of Mayo-road. A rosette of three lamps has been placed over the roof of the band-stand, which lights up a considerable space around it, the lights extending as far as the Cooperage and its vicinity. A fourth single lamp has been placed near the Young Men's Christian Association's premises, but it is so far enveloped among trees as greatly to detract from its lighting power. Another rosette of three lamps has been put up next to the Wellington Fountain, facing the Sailors' Home and the road to Colaba.

THE DEATH OF A MILL MANAGER.—The death is announced of Mr. James Helm, Manager, Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Company. Mr. Helm was one of the first Englishmen who came out to India 25 years ago to introduce cotton industry in Bombay. He was the man who started the first loom at the Maneckjee Petit Spinning and Weaving Company. He had a varied knowledge of mill matters and served in the several departments at the Bombay United Mills until he attained the position of manager, which post he filled for a long time with credit. He had returned to England, after a prolonged stay in India, in 1879, and the company, in recognition of his valuable services, then presented him with a silver plate. But having spent the greater portion of his life in India, he found it desirable after a short stay in England to request the company to take him back, and his request was complied with. By his death the company have lost an experienced, able, zealous and industrious servant. He was buried in the Sewree cemetery on the afternoon of the 31st ult. His funeral was largely attended by many who had come in contact with him in various ways.

LOCUST PLAGUE.—We learn that Mr. Elphinstone, the Collector of Ahmednagar, and Lieut. Bor, are to confer shortly at Sarolla, a village near Ahmednagar, and conjointly to organise more effectual measures towards the extermination of the locusts now ravaging those parts of the country in overwhelming numbers. The plague there has begun to assume alarming proportions, and must be speedily combated.—*Deccan Herald.*

PROFESSOR WORDSWORTH'S LETTERS.—We are glad to see that Professor Wordsworth's letters on the Jurisdiction Bill will be shortly published in a pamphlet form. In our advertisement columns the reader will observe an announcement to that effect. The learned Professor has addressed a letter to the gentleman who is bringing out the compilation, stating what, in his opinion, ought to be the aims and attitude of the natives in the event of the withdrawal of the Jurisdiction Bill. This letter will be published with the letters that have already appeared in the *Bombay Gazette.* It contains many practical suggestions, which will doubtless be read with great interest when published.—*Indu Prakash.*

LOCAL MANUFACTURES.—The following Resolution is published in the *Gazette of India*:—"Porous cells are largely imported from England for the Telegraph Department in India. With a view to substitute locally-made porous cells for the imported article, inquiries were instituted for the purpose of ascertaining whether they could be procured of Indian manufacture. From the reports received it appears that porous cells of fair quality are at present made only at the Madras School of Art, and that the price is much in excess of that at which similar articles could be imported. The Government of India will be prepared to engage with any local manufacturing establishments to take for a term of years the whole number of porous cells required for the Telegraph Department in India, if they can be supplied of equally good quality and at a price not exceeding the cost of the imported article."

THE ILLICIT TRADE IN AMMUNITION.

THE further hearing of the charges against the five persons, viz., Hashambhoy Dattoo, Mahomedbhoy Hashambhoy, Meerallybhoy Moraj, Mahadoram Buldeodas, and Vithuldas Tricumdas, at the instance of Mr. J. McDermot, Inspector of Arms and Ammunition, for illegally dealing in ammunition, took place before Mr. C. P. Cooper, at the Fort Police Court, yesterday. Mr. Little, Acting Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown; Mr. Lang, instructed by Mr. Sayani, for the first three accused; and Mr. Owen, of the firm of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, for accused Nos. 4 and 5.

Mr. Little applied for a further postponement of the case for a fortnight, saying he had not had full time to make all the inquiries he wished to make in connection with the case. He had received translations of a number of documents only on Tuesday last, and found it was necessary to obtain more translations and to institute further inquiries. The evidence from Cawnpore had not yet been obtained. A sample of caps had been sent down from Cawnpore, which, Mr. Little subsequently said, appeared to be freshly charged.

His worship said it was desirable that the case should be proceeded with as soon as possible, but of course, if further inquiries were necessary he should be obliged to give an opportunity of their being made.

Mr. Owen said that he appeared separately for accused Nos. 4 and 5, who on the last occasions were represented by Mr. Lang. He asked his worship to be allowed a full inspection of the books of the defendants, which were in the possession of the police and of other documents.

His worship replied he had no doubt but that Mr. Little would grant full inspection of all books and documents, if a reasonable notice was given, and a reasonable hour fixed.

The case was then adjourned till the 15th instant (Wednesday).

HIGH COURT—AUGUST 1.

(Before the ACTING CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. Justice PINHEY.)

ILLEGALLY CARRYING PASSENGERS.

THE EMPRESS *vs.* PURSHOTUM KESHAV NENE.

THIS was a petition from a conviction by Mr. Alfred Keyser, District Magistrate of Kolaba, who, on the 1st June last, sentenced the petitioner to pay a fine of Rs. 90 for carrying passengers without permission, contrary to section 13 of Bombay Act II. of 1868. The Hon'ble Mr. Budroodin, with Mr. Mahadeo C. Apte, appeared for the petitioner; and the Hon'ble Mr. Marriott, instructed by Messrs. Chalk and Walker, appeared for Messrs. Shepherd and Co., the complainants.

The petitioner stated in his petition that, as Messrs. Shepherd and Co.'s steamer did not run always at stated times, and boats to carry passengers further on were not to be had without great delay, much inconvenience was caused to passengers. For his own benefit and for the convenience and benefit of others, the petitioner said he hired a steamer himself and carried passengers for hire from Bombay direct to Nagotna. He had been running a small steamer from Carnac-bunder to Nagotna, which is at the head of a creek on the opposite side of the harbour, carrying passengers at eight annas per head per trip. For the defence it was argued before the District Magistrate that Nagotna being at the head of a creek, it could not be considered that the defendant plied across the harbour to the mainland. The District Magistrate said he could not see what the distant position of Nagotna had to do with the question. The act penalised was conveying passengers without permission from Bombay to the mainland; and he did not think the fact that, instead of depositing the passengers at Rewas or Karunja—the nearest points across the harbour at the mouth of the creek—he carried them on to the head of the creek to Nagotna, affected the question. Were this interpretation admitted, Mr. Keyser said, any one would be free to carry passengers across, provided he went a short way up one of the numerous creeks before leaving them on the mainland. The fine was ordered to be handed over to Messrs. Shepherd and Co., who have the exclusive right of running a ferry from Bombay to Dharamtar in the Nagotna creek.

The petitioner urged in his petition, among [illegible], that Mr. Keyser was wrong in hold[illegible] [illegible]nce was necessary to carry passengers [illegible] Bombay and Nagotna; that [illegible] [illegible] the legality of the [illegible] [illegible] that the defendant could not be said to have carried passengers to the mainland, as Nagotna is situated at the head of the creek and not across the harbour.

The Chief Justice, after hearing the arguments of counsel, said that the word "mainland" must be construed according to its natural meaning. Nagotna is on the "mainland," and so is Panwell. The conviction must be sustained.

Mr. Justice Pinhey said the construction sought to be put upon section 13 by the petitioner's counsel was not reasonable. "Mainland" must mean that part of the land to which the steamer went. The conviction was upheld.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.—AUG. 1.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

THE following, among other matters, were heard before his lordship:—

RE GUNGARAM NAROTUMDAS.

His lordship delivered judgment to-day in the above matter. All the Marwaree creditors had opposed the insolvent either in person or by counsel, accusing him of concealment of property and books. The charge was not proved; but the insolvent had shown great negligence in the getting up of the schedule, which he had twice to amend. Under the circumstances, his discharge was adjourned for three months without protection.

RE MADHOWJEE VISRAM.

Mr. Lang applied for an extension of the interim order for four months. Mr. Budroodin opposed the application on the ground that no good reason had been shown for further extending the order. It was extended in May last for the insolvent to give instructions to the Official Assignee in regard to an appeal that was then about to be filed in a suit in which Messrs. Benn, Ashley and Co. were the plaintiffs, and in which they got a decree for Rs. 1,95,396 against the insolvent. His lordship, after consulting the Official Assignee, refused the application.

DISCHARGES.

In the course of the day discharges were granted to the undermentioned insolvents:—Pooja Ahurumsey Thaker, liabilities Rs. 2,141. Bhawu Raghunath Narvekar, Rs. 1,257. Jan Mahomed Goolam Hoosein, Rs. 600. Abdool Hoosein Hyderali Bora, Rs. 5,440. Manjee Velljee, Rs. 384. Allibhoy Nathoobhoy and another, Rs. 690. Syed Essa bin Syed Jamal, Rs. 495. Gopal Balset Patray, Rs. 896. Laldas Luxmonjee, Rs. 1,226. Dorabjee

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Nowrojee Writer, Rs. 647. Esmaljee Ebrahimjee, Rs. 2,404. Husson Ali Adamjee, Rs. 1,243. Manuel Francisco Fonceca, Rs. 421. Govind Gopal Shera, Rs. 1,874. Ebrahim Ramjee Khoja, Rs. 34,523. Hajee Jaffer Hajee Moosa, Rs. 5,032.

BENGAL.

Sisters of Mercy.—We hear that there will shortly arrive a fresh batch of these Sisters of the Church of England, and that it is intended to place them over the leading charitable and other institutions here.—*Indian Daily News.*

Wrongful Restraint.—Mr. Alexander Meyers charged his cousin, George Meyers at the Calcutta Police Court on Saturday, with having wrongfully restrained him and his family on the 15th July. The parties lived together at No. 165, Boitakhannah Bazaar-road. It was a joint property in which the complainant and the defendant's father had interest. Originally there were two entrances to the hall, one the back, and the other in the front verandah of the house. Now, there was only one entrance, the back verandah having fallen down. On Sunday, the 15th July, the defendant locked the first door of the front verandah, and thereby locked the complainant and his family in their room from 8 in the morning till at night. Their meals had to be carried to them through one of the windows. The defendant himself occupied a room next to the complainant's, so that by locking up the door, he virtually locked himself up. Whenever he had occasion to come out, he would have to scale a window. The Bench were satisfied that the defendant had wrongfully restrained the complainant and his family, and accordingly fined him Rs. 5.—*Ibid.*

MADRAS.

Tiger-Shooting by a Rajah.—"Sport," evidently a native, writes to the *Madras Times*:—"The Rajah of Venkatagiri having received information that a tiger had carried away a cow in an [redacted] jungle, known as 'Arumetla Paya,' lost [redacted] in proceeding to the spot on the 23rd [redacted] The party formed themselves into a [redacted] the beaters were ordered to drive [redacted] recess in which he took his [redacted] the tiger appeared before [redacted] a clever shotsman, who [redacted] him, two bullets, [redacted] shoulder from [redacted] moderate size, [redacted] on the [redacted] a report [redacted] With [redacted] and he [redacted] and carried [redacted] town's people [redacted] his prey, [redacted] with him. The tiger

[redacted] RMAH.

[redacted] of an Austrian Ship at Akyab.—[redacted] ship Erminia G., loaded with rice by [redacted] Mohr Brothers and Co., has for several weeks past been lying in harbour waiting for a favorable chance of getting to sea. As the weather had somewhat moderated last week, the pilot had engaged to make the attempt to take the vessel to sea on Sunday morning last. It would seem that on the night of the previous Thursday (July 19), the master of the ship, finding the wind favorable, determined not to let the opportunity slip, and without waiting for a pilot got under weigh at about 2 o'clock, a.m. He managed to get out of the harbour and to clear the Fakeer Buoy, but appears not to have made due allowance for the set of the tide, and consequently was driven on the Fakeer Rocks. When the ship with some difficulty got off the Rocks, she was found to be making water so fast that it was necessary to run her ashore to prevent her sinking in deep water. She was accordingly beached a little inside the point, opposite to Mr. Blair's bungalow, where she now lies. The cargo is being discharged, but very little of it is likely to be saved, as the ship had some 13 feet of water in the hold when she was run ashore, and a delay of nearly two days occurred before commencing to unload her. The stench arising from the rotting rice is dreadful. The Deputy Commissioner has, we hear, ordered that all the damaged rice shall be thrown into the sea outside the harbour, but there is some difficulty found in enforcing the order. In the first place it is not clear to whom it should be addressed; and in the next place no cargo boats can be got to go outside in the present weather. As for the ship, it is feared she will be a total wreck.—*Arakan News.*

THE FRENCH IN TONKING.

The *China Mail's* special correspondent at Hanoi wrote on July 3:—

I hear, on very good authority, that M. Tricou the French Minister to China, has come to som satisfactory arrangement with Li Hung Chang on the question of the protectorate of Annam, but the [illegible]rs are not yet known here. [illegible] still uncertain as to the date of arrival of [illegible] ports from Europe. The 125 Annamite [illegible] who arrived from Saigon on the 29th [illegible] despatched the following day to Hanoi. [illegible] not a very soldierly-looking lot of men, [illegible]sidered to be very good for bush fighting. [illegible] armed with the French military rifle, a [illegible] much clumsier make about the lock than the Martini-Henri, and not, I believe, of so long a range.

The rainy season has now set in, and every day or night we have a heavy downpour, accompanied by thunder and lightning. The roads about Haiphong are mere bridle paths, and after the rains, are in a most deplorable state. The French here do not seem to appreciate the maxim that the first step in civilizing a country is to make roads. Owing to the heavy rains and strong current running in the rivers the wharf attached to the C. M. S. N. Co.'s godowns, rented by the French Government, has given way, and some time will be occupied in putting it in working order again. It is the only landing place in the port.

A FRENCH PROCLAMATION.

A proclamation, both in French and Annamite, of which the following is a free translation, has been posted up above the town during last night:—

"The General commanding in Tonking to officers, non-commissioned officers, soldiers and marines of the expeditionary corps.

An official telegram addressed to the Governor of Cochin-China, dated 27th May, announces that the Chambers have unanimously voted the credits in relation to Tonking, and that France will avenge her brave sons.

A telegram of the following day nominates me to the supreme command in Tonking. Behold me in the midst of you ready to lead you anywhere that the exigencies of the patriotic mission which has been entrusted to us by the Government of the Republic may require. Your past history is a guarantee of your discipline and courage. The new chiefs who come to lead you are known to you;—you will follow them with devotion and constancy and allow no reverse to tarnish the reputation of our arms. Pillage is dishonourable to any; continue then to respect the property and the religion of the peaceable inhabitants of the country.

"To the inhabitants of Tonking. The treaty of the 5th March, 1874, imposes on France the obligation of furnishing the necessary forces to insure the peace and tranquility of the country. The bands of brigands, vagabonds without nationality, who live only by pillage and the exactions which have long troubled your tranquility, have prevented you from reaping from this beautiful country all the riches which nature has bestowed upon it. The Annamite authorities were pledged to maintain order and to protect the commerce of the Red River. So long as France was able to hope that these authorities would fulfil this obligation she has done all that was possible to demonstrate the peaceable character of her designs. To-day she can no longer abstain; her countrymen are menaced, her soldiers are murdered from ambushes constructed by the foreign brigands who have penetrated into the country. It is against them that the campaign is opened to-day, her only aim is to drive them back to the mountains from whence they came to plunder you. Those who are taken [illegible] be hung, and their bodies will be giv[illegible] vultures. Numbers of troops have [illegible] are *en route* and will soon be [illegible] them your assistance on [illegible] which you have needed so long. A great people loyally offer you the hand; respond to its appeal, and new and happy fortunes will henceforth open to you.

Le Gen. de Brigade Com. Supr. in Tonking,
(Sgd). Bouet.
p.o.c. Le Chef d' Etat Major,
Hanoi, 27th June.
P. Coronnats.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT'S
444, Oxford-street, London.

BOOTS.
POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.
GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots, Patent Elastic Dress Boots, Parade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf, Balmoral Boots, Button Boots — Superior in style and excellent in quality, 25s. — Finest quality we can produce 35s.

Grain Hide Shooting Boots, 42s.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES POST FREE.
LADIES' WALKING BOOTS,
Elastic or to But ton.
Excellent quality, much approved 18s. 6d
Very superior 21s. 0d
Finest possible quality 25s. 0d
Satin, Kid, and Patent Louise Evening Shoes 10s. 6d
Morocco Oxford House Shoes 5s. 6d
Do. do. with French heels 7s. 0d
Grey Linen Slippers 3s. 6d
FOR LONG WALKS.
HYGEIA BOOTS.
(Registered.)
WITH SPECIALLY ADAPTED SOLES, HEELS, MATERIALS, and FORM.
Ladies' 30s. Gentlemen's 35s.
Fully described in New Catalogue. Every order *accompanied by remittance for the price nett* will be sent POST PAID, and, if possible, despatched by the first mail after its receipt.
The Hygeia Boots being so highly approved, T. D. M. and B. are making Children's Boots on the same principle. A worn Boot or Shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.
Cheques to be crossed *Bank of England.*
Remittances may be made in Government of India Notes, which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.
THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT,
4, Oxford-street, London, W.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJEE and CO.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 3rd instant, Messrs. S. SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Auction Room at 2 p.m.
On account and at the risk of the concern—
8 iron safes.
By order of Jafferjee Adumjee and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Bowack Stephens & Co.—
2 brass pumps.
SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJEE & CO.
Bombay, 2nd August, 1883.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
On SATURDAY next, the 4th August at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will hold their usual Auction sale at their room as follows:—A selected assortment of wines, liqueurs, &c., consisting as follows:—
Brandy.—Th. Carton's Brandy, blue label, Charles Dorr's Vieux cognac, Charles Dorr's cognac, fine champagne.
Clarets.—Charles Dorr's medoc, Charles Dorr's margaux medoc, 1878, Charles Dorr's Chateau Latour carnet, 1878, St. Estephe madoc, in cases of 6 dozens, St. Emilion, in cases of 6 dozens.
Still Hocks.—From H. and G. Hirsch, Mayence.—Niersteiner, red capsules; Oppenheimer, red capsules, Rudesheimer, yellow capsules, Hochheimer, [redacted] capsules.
Sundries.—Madeira dry, in cases of 24 [redacted] wine, red, in cases of 24 pints; port wine, [redacted] of 24 pints; double orange curacoa, No. 1, [redacted] orange curacao, No. 3, in stone flasks [redacted] No. 1, in stone flasks, anisette, No [redacted] Boonekemp bitters.
1 case plated ware.
100 cases moulded bar [redacted]
4 cases cotton [redacted]
On account of the [redacted]
HE JM } 2 cases [redacted]
On [redacted]
No. [redacted] &c.
[redacted] JEE & Co.

[redacted] TICES.

[redacted] MANILLA and OILED COIR [redacted] CORDAGE. Apply to
OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.
IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER FARES.

THE public are informed that on and after the FIRST AUGUST next, the PASSENGER FARES at present charged over this Railway will be REDUCED as follows, namely:—
First Class to 12 pies per mile.
Second Class to 6 pies per mile.
Third Class by Mail Train to 3 pies per mile.
Third Class by Passenger and Mixed Trains to 2½ pies per mile.
Return Tickets of all Classes will be issued at a fare and a half between Bombay and Callian and intermediate Stations.
First and Second Class Return Tickets will be issued to and from all other Stations on this line at two Single fares. The present Rates for excess Luggage, Parcels, Horses, and Carriages remain unaltered.
Further particulars can be obtained at the Stations or of the undersigned on application.
E. W. KEILLY,
Acting General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the twenty-th rd of July, 1883.

NOTICE is hereby given that VALLIJEE NOORBHOY, of Bombay, Borah, Mahomedan inhabitant, who has recently retired from the firm of Jivanjee Noorbhoy, intends to settle the whole of his immoveable property in Bombay and Cutch Mandvie upon certain trust for the benefit of his family. All persons therefore having any claim against the said Vallijee Noorbhoy are hereby required to send in such claims to the undersigned at their Office, No. 29, Meadow-street, Fort, within 15 days from the date hereof; otherwise the said settlement will be made without regard to any such claims.—Dated this 26th day of July, 1883.
NANU AND HORMASJEE,
Attorneys for Vallijee Noorbhoy.

NOTICE.
THE Undersigned beg to call the attention of the Ladies of Bombay and the Mofussil to the NEW STOCK that they have received by the last mail and which they wish to sell at more moderate rates than the other Milliners in the Bazaar. This New Stock is the very best and suitable for making dresses &c.; and will promptly execute the orders.
Black Silk and Satin best quality.
Ditto Colours.
Ditto Black Cashmere and Coloured.
Warm and Cotton Stuff for Dresses of different Colours.
White and Coloured Flannel.
Wedding Bonnets and Veils, &c.
G. P. LUCKMIDASS & Co., Milliners, &c.,
No. 25, Oppos to Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY,
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
RESUMPTION OF THROUGH BOOKING OF GOODS TRAFFIC OVER THE JUBALPUR LINE.

THE public are advised that in anticipation of the breaks between Burhanpur and Bhusawul being shortly repaired, all GOODS TRAFFIC will, after this date, be BOOKED THROUGH WITHOUT RESTRICTION over the Jubalpur Line.
Horses and Carriages as also Parcels exceeding one maund in weight will not be booked through until the 2nd proximo.
E. W. KEILY,
Acting General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the 31st of July, 1883.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.
OPENING OF A BRANCH BOOKING OFFICE AT No. 22, PYDONEE, OPPOSITE POLICE STATION.

THE public are advised that on and after the first of August next, a Branch Booking Office will be opened at No. 22, Pydonee, for the booking of first, second, and third class passengers to all stations on this Railway and stations of connected Railways with which through booking arrangements are at present in force.
Passengers purchasing tickets at Pydonee may join the trains at either Bombay Terminus or Byculla, and also at Musjid station, for such trains as stop there, and these tickets will be available on the date of issue and up to the last down train on the day following.
Passengers' Luggage will not be booked at Pydonee, but at the station of departure.
Parcels up to 20 seers in weight will be booked from the Pydonee office to all stations of this Railway and also to any station on Foreign Railways with which this Company have through booking arrangements.
Information as to Trains, Fares, &c., will be afforded by the Clerk in charge of Pydonee office on application.
The Office will be open daily from 8-30 a.m. to 6-30 p.m., local time.
E. W. KEILY,
Acting General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the twenty-sixth of July, 1883.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.
Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.
UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone or efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for [illegible] in the Indian Bazars.
General A[illegible]ent at Bombay
ESU[illegible]LY HIPTOOLA
[illegible] Market near Jumma Musjid.

[illegible] COTTON AND SILK MANUFAC[illegible]G COMPANY, Limited.

[illegible]reby given that an EXTRA-[illegible] GENERAL MEETING of the Share[illegible]-mentioned Company will be held on [illegible]nd day of August, 1883, at 3 o'clock p.m., [illegible] Office of the Company, No. 2, Nesbit [illegible]urpose of considering, and if deemed [illegible] following resolutions:—

1. That the A[illegible]ce Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Company, Limit[illegible] wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the [illegible]ian Companies' Act, 1882.

2. That Messrs [illegible]pidass Vurjdass, Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, J[illegible]nghierjee Hormusjee, Sewram Pursotum and Dam[illegible]rdas Tapidas be appointed Liquidators, and that th[illegible] remuneration be the nominal sum of Rs. 50 each.

3. That the con[illegible]ional agreement dated the 18th day of July, 1883, and m[illegible]e between Selim Solomon Solomon on behalf of the Sass[illegible] Silk Manufacturing Company, Limited, of the first par[illegible] Damoderdass Tapidas on behalf of this company of the se[illegible]nd part, Ezra Meyer Moses as agent for a Company in[illegible]nded to be formed and registered under the Indian C[illegible]mpanies' Act, 1882, with the name of "The Sassoon and A[illegible]liance Silk Mill Company, Limited," of the third part, and [illegible]pidas Vurjdas as agent for another Company intended [illegible]be formed and registered under the said Act with th[illegible] name of "The Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Co[illegible]ny, Limited," of the fourth part, be and the same is h[illegible]by adopted on behalf of this Company.

4. That the Li[illegible]ator or Liquidators be authorised and empowered t[illegible]ll and make over unto a certain limited Joint Stock [illegible]mpany to be formed and registered in Bombay under th[illegible] provisions of the Indian Companies' Act, 1882, and to be [illegible]lled "The Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, Lim[illegible]ited," and having a capital of Rupees Eighteen Lakhs, divi[illegible]ded into 1,800 shares of Rs. 1,000 each, all the land, buildi[illegible]gs, hereditaments, machinery, fixtures, effects, assets, [illegible] rights, credits, business and goodwill of the said Allia[illegible]ce Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Company, Limited, [illegible]cluding the working capital fund and the insurance a[illegible] reserve funds, but excluding all other undivided prof[illegible] and to receive as consideration for such sale 1,800 shares [illegible] the said Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, [illegible]mited (of which said 1,800 shares 28 shares are for the [illegible]rchase of the freehold property, 400 shares for the pur[illegible]se of the leasehold property, and the remainder for the [illegible]rchase of the residue of the property of the said Allia[illegible]ce Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Company Limited), f[illegible] distribution amongst the Shareholders of the said All[illegible]nce Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Company, Limited [illegible]in such manner that each holder of one share or two ha[illegible] shares in the said Alliance Cotton and Silk Manufacturi[illegible] Company, Limited, shall receive one share in the said A[illegible]lliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited.

5. That the sale of th[illegible] property of the Alliance Cotton and Silk Manufacturi[illegible]g Company, Limited, to the Alliance Cotton Manuf[illegible]acturing Company, Limited, be made subject to a cov[illegible]enant on the part of the Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited, to perform and fulfil all the agreem[illegible]nts, contracts, engagements, and obligations, and to pay a[illegible]d discharge all the just debts and liabilities of the A[illegible]lliance Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Company, Lim[illegible]ted.

6. That the Liquidat[illegible]rs be and they are hereby empowered to do all acts an[illegible] exercise all powers comprised in sections 201, 202 and 20[illegible] of the Indian Companies' Act, 1882.

7. That in case of the a[illegible]bsence at any time from Bombay of any of the Liquida[illegible]tors all or any of the powers exerciseable by all the Li[illegible]uidators jointly, shall and may be exercised by such [illegible]ne or more of the Liquidators as for the time being may [illegible]be present in Bombay.

By order of the B[illegible]oard of Directors,
TAP[illegible]DASS VURJDASS & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 20th July, 1883.

BANKS

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
Head Office—PARIS
SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000
LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.
London Office—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
[illegible]IVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
[illegible]RLES LOWELL, Manager.

[redacted] BANK (Limited).
[redacted] £1,000,000.
[redacted] £190,000.
[redacted] RANCH.
[redacted] and Interest allowed [redacted] below Rs. 1,000. [redacted] any time, for Remit[redacted] and interest allowed [redacted] periods on terms [redacted] the day on London, [redacted] in the East. [redacted] in the principal [redacted] STOCKS, and SHARES [redacted] the safe custody of the same [redacted] and PENSIONS collected; and every [redacted] of Banking Business and Money Agency [redacted] Remittances should be made payable to the Agra [redacted] Limited.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

JEFFRIES'
RACKET BALLS at Rs. 13 per gross.
BOLTON AND COMPANY.

ASHANTEE POCKET HAMMOCKS
Of the latest improvement,
Complete in neat Waterproof Cases,
Price Rs. 10 and Rs. 12 each.
AMERICAN HAMMOCKS at Rs. 5 each.
BOLTON AND COMPANY.

DOUBLE ACTION HOLBORN GARDEN PUMPS
Or Portable Fire Engines,
Polished brass, each Rs. 4-12,
Ditto ditto, brass large size, each Rs. 10.
BOLTON AND COMPANY.

POLO
CANES, with boxw od heads, each Rs. 2-12.
Balls, per dozen, Rs. 5-8.
BOLTON AND COMPANY.

QUOITS.
4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 6½, and 7 lbs. at Annas 14 per lb.
BOLTON AND COMPANY.

THE RAPID SHUTTLECOCK,
A new Parlour Toy.
The Rapid Shuttlecock owing to its great simplicity is beyond all that has been made till now.
It is more elegant than the Battledore, and besides has the advantage of being a very attractive parlour toy. Either one person or several ones together may use it to play a Shuttlecock at cup and ball or to shoot at a target as the players may choose.
Price Rs. 4 per box.
BOLTON AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY.

C. V. D'SOUZA, who has lately returned from Cape Town, announces to the public that he has OPENED a COACH-FACTORY at Girgaum Back Road, near the Cawasjee Patel Tank. Undertakes to execute orders promptly and carefully a very moderate rates. A trial is solicited.

£500 PAYABLE at age 50 or at death if previous may be secured by a monthly payment of Rs. 16-12-8 if commenced at age 20. If commenced at age 30 the rate is about twenty-four rupees a month, and if commenced at age 40 the rate is about forty-eight rupees a month. It is an advantage to effect such Provisions early in life. By delay the rate of subscription increases;—death may occur before the provision is effected;—or Health may fail and render the life ineligible for assurance. Every information on application to Secretary, STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, 7, Rampart-row, Bombay.
Note.—The above rates are reduced during residence in Europe; and should the claim mature in England, the amount of the policy is payable in sterling money at the rate of 2s. per rupee.

P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention; Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

FOR SALE, Messrs. CURTIS'S and HARVEY'S GUN-POWDER, &c.

Loose Blastin Powder in kegs of 25 lbs. per kegs.			
Do.	F	do.	do.
Do.	FF	do.	do.
Do.	FFF	do.	do.
Do.	FO	do.	do.
lb. tins		cases of 25 lbs.	per doz. bl.
Do.	FF	do.	do.
Do.	FFF	do.	do.
lb. tins	F	do.	do.
Do.	FF	do.	do.
Do.	FFF	do.	do.
Do.	A W/l American	do.	do.
Do.	U S Rifle	do.	do.
Do.	No. 6 Cannister	do.	per case.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co.,
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(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
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OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION!
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS
OUR GRAMME MACHINES have shown the BEST results at all Government Trials, at Woolwich, &c.
Electric Machines, for 10 Incandescent Lamps..Rs. 350
Do. 40 do. .. „ 750
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SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
Patent Wick Carbons give a steadier light than all other Carbons.
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Insulated CABLE, Globes and other accessories
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N.B.—Nos. 2, 3, and 4 are without mouth-pieces.
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For the Egyptian Cigarette Company,
ATANASIO GIORGIADIS.

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MOSQUITOES
Step off with the left foot if you sprinkle
LITTLE'S SOLUBLE PHENYLE
(One teaspoonful to half-pint water)
about the Room.
ALL NOXIOUS PESTS HATE
THIS FLUID AS AN
ANGLO-INDIAN DOES THE PROCEDURE BILL.
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SOLD EVERYWHERE.
TRY IT ONCE AND EVER USE IT

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It is brewed, as usual, of the finest materials obtainable, and with the exception that it is lighter (being in strength the same as the German and other light Beers) differs in no respect from the Ale so long associated with Messrs. BASS and Co.'s and our own names.
The above and
BASS & CO.'S INDIA PALE ALE (AS HITHERTO SHIPPED.)
BOTTLED BY OURSELVES,
May be obtained of all the principal dealers in India.
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SMALL STEAMERS & STEAM LAUNCHES.
BUILT OF WOOD, IRON, OR STEEL.
Screw Steamers, with speeds ranging up to 26 miles an hour.
Paddle Steamers, with draughts ranging down to 6 inches of water
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"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."
Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.
To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.
CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label. This Caution is necessary, owing to various cheap and inferior substitutes being in the Market.
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Children's Best Patent SHOES, superior		quality...	... Size	5	3	6	per pair.
Do.	do.	do.	... „	6	3	8	do.
Do.	do.	do.	... „	7	3	12	do.
Do.	do.	do.	... „	8	3	14	do.
Do.	do.	do.	... „	9	3	15	do.
Do.	do.	do.	... „	10	4	4	do.
Do.	do.	do.	... „	11	4	6	do.
			... „	12	4	8	do.

[illegible]lso
A special consignment of BL[illegible]K and WHITE LACES, all widths, ch[illegible] patterns.
SAMPLES SE[illegible] UPON APPLICATION.
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RIPON I[illegible]ON-WORKS,
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THESE NEW WORKS have [illegible]en planned and laid out by us so as to secure the most practical working arr[illegible]ngement of the various departments, and on a scale commensurate with the execution of the HEAVIEST description of WORK.
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Special care is exercised in the selection [illegible] all iron for structural work and forgings.
The Foundry Departments are specially [illegible] under the supervision of our Mr. COUPER, whose castings are favourably known in India, and [illegible]e are in a position to execute every class of Foundry work up to twenty tons, including C[illegible]ylinders, Rollers and Loam Castings of all kinds, and we willingly submit tests of the quality [illegible] Iron used.
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Import orders entrusted to us will be car[illegible]tones Metal as may be required.
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We are prepared to submit Designs, mak[illegible] usual rates, while we guarantee the quality.
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Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD.
It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will, by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little daily the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.
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The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me.
Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* cured me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed.—*Earl of Aldborough.*
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Sold in small, medium and large bottles.
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THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.
ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.
From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery. Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy, and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is a deliberate breach of faith on the part of the chemist to prescriber and patient alike. We are, Sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.
CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
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CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.
THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is here offered to the world; and the pleasing results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, all corroborate the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients, testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone, new life has been imparted to numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of their mental and bodily powers—in thorough good health—who previously were confirmed hypochondriacs, had been given up by the faculty as incurable and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.
This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength to the most shattered constitutions. It not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting strength and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, whilst for dyspeptic persons it is unrivalled. Those who (from long residence in hot climates) suffer from langour and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indies, should provide themselves with this important article of health.
Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and through the organs of digestion, renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lassitude and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the whole corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn of declining years, and, in all cases, calmly and serenely protract the close of life. For females of all ages, as also for delicate children who cannot take cod-liver oil, the Guttæ Vitæ will be found a great boon—being far superior in its strengthening properties, and at the same time so pleasant to the palate that it can hardly be called a medicine. To married persons, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable; giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity for exertion. Price, 11s. and 33s. per bottle. The large size contains sufficient for four weeks.

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Are justly celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder, and diseases of the Kidney and Urinary Organs generally.
These celebrated Pills are an infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone many thousands are annually restored to health, and the agonies of gout and rheumatism may now be considered a voluntary affliction, as no one need suffer these excruciating torments if they will only have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific; whilst for weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 1s, 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s.

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DR. DE ROOS'
PILULÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS,
which speedily, and almost magically, remove pain and disease of whatever nature, restore cheerfulness to the spirits, vigour to the body, and strengthen all the organs on which health and life depend; they do not contain a particle of mercury, but are purely vegetable; and for all affections of the liver, flatulency, bile, sick headache, dizziness, loss of appetite, lowness of spirits, the sensations of fulness at the pit of the stomach-pains between the shoulders, and the distress arising from indigestion and general debility they will be found of unexampled efficacy. They act mildly on the bowels, without pain or griping, impart strength to the stomach, promote a healthy action of the liver, clear the skin, remove sallowness or pimples, purify the blood, brace the nerves, and marvellously invigorate the whole system. Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s. per box.
Every package of Dr. De Roos' preparations bears the Government Stamp with the words "Walter De Roos, London," in White Letters on a Red Ground, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners, without which none can possibly be genuine. Dr. De Roos' world-famed Medicines may be obtained of Messrs. Treacher & Co., Limited, Bombay; B. S. Madon & Co., Bombay; Barrie & Co., Madras; West & Co., Madras; West, Brigade Road, Bangalore; Lyell, Allahabad; B. G. Mathoor, Medical Agency, Pepulmundee, Agra; Dooly Sing and Lall Sing, Delhi and Ajmere; Bathgate & Co., Calcutta; Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Calcutta; Peake, Allen and Co., Lucknow; Ball, Hobson & Co., Umballa; Maitland & Co., and Hudson & Co., Colombo; and all the principal Merchants in India.
IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The Public are respectfully informed that the Dr. De Roos' Pills are not sold in *loose* quantities, but only in packages, at the aforementioned prices. Intending purchasers are specially cautioned not to be deluded into buying *so-called* "Guttæ Vitæ" or "Renal Pills," but in every case specially to ask for (and accept no other but) Dr. De Roos' "Guttæ Vitæ" or Dr. De Roos' "Renal Pills."
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Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.
AGENTS—London: GEORGE STREET & Co. 30, Cornhill, E.C.—Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI and Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—Calcutta: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.